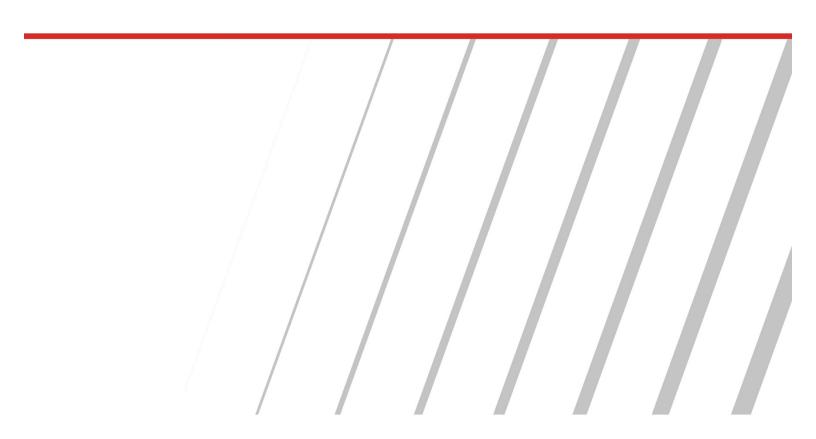
DSST Public Schools

Independent Auditor's Report and Financial Statements

June 30, 2023



DSST Public Schools

June 30, 2023

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Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools Denver, Colorado

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the general fund of DSST Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the DSST Public Schools' basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general funds of DSST-Denver (a component unit of School District Number 1 in the City and County of Denver, Colorado [Denver Public Schools or DPS]) and DSST-Aurora (a component unit of Joint School District Number 28-J of the Counties of Adams and Arapahoe, Colorado [Aurora Public Schools or APS]), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, as displayed in DSST Public Schools' audited supplementary information as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the general fund of DSST Public Schools, as well as the respective financial position of the governmental activities and general funds of DSST-Denver and DSST-Aurora, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report. We are required to be independent of the DSST Public Schools, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of a Matter – Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in note XX to the financial statements, effective July 1, 2022, DSST Public Schools adopted GASB Statement Number _____, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (GASB 96). Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the DSST Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the DSST Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the DSST Public Schools' ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison, pension, and other postemployment benefit information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise DSST Public Schools' basic financial statements. The other supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated _______, on our consideration of DSST Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of DSST Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering DSST Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Denver, Colorado

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Our discussion and analysis of the Denver School of Science and Technology, Inc., (DSST or DSST Public Schools) financial performance provides an overview of DSST's financial activities for the twelve months ended June 30, 2023. It should be read in conjunction with the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

As stated in the Government-wide Financial Statements, the assets and deferred outflows or resources of DSST exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2023 by \$62,730,852. Of this amount, \$40,532,129 is unrestricted. The \$62,730,852 of DSST's total net position represents an increase of \$2,814,778 over the prior year.

DSST's Governmental Fund Financial Statements reported an ending fund balance in fiscal year 2023 of \$50,194,737. The total fund balance in the General Fund decreased \$1,720,427 from the prior year, largely due to renovations at the DSST Elevate Campus that are being paid for from previous year revenues.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to DSST's Basic Financial Statements. The Basic Financial Statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide Financial Statements, 2) Fund Financial Statements, and 3) Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the Basic Financial Statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

All of DSST's services are reported in the Government-wide Financial Statements, including instruction, instructional supporting services, school administration, business services, and operation and maintenance of plant services. Per pupil revenue, mill levy override, federal aid and private contributions finance most of the activities. Additionally, any long-term capital assets and debt are reported in these statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers a broad overview of DSST's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

Statement of Net Position presents information on all of DSST's assets, liabilities, and deferred outflows or inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, changes in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of DSST is improving or deteriorating.

Statement of Activities presents information showing changes in DSST's net position during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event causing the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (*e.g.*, unconditional contributions receivable).

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The Government-wide statement of activities distinguish functions of DSST that are principally supported by taxes and revenues from other functions intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. Government-wide Financial Statements can be found on pages 14-15.

The Government-wide financial statements also include the DSST Public Schools Foundation as a discretely presented component unit of DSST.

Fund Financial Statements

DSST uses fund accounting to record specific sources of funding for particular purposes. A fund is an accounting device used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. DSST uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as government activities in the Government-wide Financial Statements. All of DSST's activities are included in one governmental fund which focuses on 1) how cash and other financial assets, that can readily be converted to cash, flow in and out and 2) the balances that are available for spending at year-end. Consequently, the Governmental Fund Statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether more or fewer financial resources can be spent in the near future to finance DSST's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Government-wide Statements, additional information is provided in Figure A-1 to explain the relationship between them.

DSST maintains one governmental fund, the General Fund. The DSST Building Corporation is a blended component unit of DSST and is reported in the General Fund of the fund financial statements. General Fund financial information is presented in the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and in the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances. The basic Governmental Fund Financial Statements can be found on pages 16-18 of this report. DSST adopted an annual budget and one amendment for the General Fund and a budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

DSST Public Schools

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Figure A-1. Major Features of DSST's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Statement					
Types of Statements	Government-wide	Governmental Fund					
Scope	Entire organization	The activities of DSST that are not proprietary or fiduciary					
Required Financial Statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities Reconciliation statements	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances					
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus					
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used and liabilities that come due during the year, or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included					
Types of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter					

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements. The notes can be found on pages 20-50 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information relates to comparisons of the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and the actual expenditures for the fiscal year. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 51-56 of this report.

The remainder of this overview section of Management's Discussion and Analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements. Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of DSST's financial statements, including the portion of the operations covered and the types of information presented.

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position can serve as a useful indicator of DSST's financial position. DSST's total net position was \$62,730,852 at June 30, 2023.

\$40,532,129 or 64.6 percent of DSST's net position is unrestricted and are resources available to fund DSST's programs in the following year.

The remaining balance of net position represents resources subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. A condensed and comparative Statement of Net Position is illustrated below.

	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change
Assets				
Current assets	\$ 61,449,606	\$ 61,013,226	\$ 436,380	0.72%
Capital assets, net	36,290,164	29,424,052	6,866,112	23.34%
Total assets	97,739,770	90,437,278	7,302,492	8.07%
Deferred Outflows of Resources	3,841,969	3,883,436	(41,467)	-1.07%
Total assets and deferred				
outflows of resources	\$ 101,581,739	\$ 94,320,714	\$ 7,261,025	7.70%
Liabilities				
Current liabilities	\$ 11,319,793	\$ 9,198,062	\$ 2,121,731	23.07%
Noncurrent liabilities	27,440,492	23,621,447	3,819,045	16.17%
Total liabilities	38,760,285	32,819,509	5,940,776	18.10%
Deferred Inflows of Resources	90,602	1,585,131	(1,494,529)	-94.28%
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	17,137,764	15,113,023	2,024,741	13.40%
Restricted	5,060,959	5,426,327	(365,368)	-6.73%
Unrestricted	40,532,129	39,376,724	1,155,405	2.93%
Total net position	62,730,852	59,916,074	2,814,778	4.70%
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position	\$ 101,581,739	\$ 94,320,714	\$ 7,261,025	7.70%

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Governmental Activities

The net position of DSST's Governmental Activities increased by \$2,814,778 to \$62,730,852 in the 2022-2023 school year. This was due to a number of factors including larger than anticipated Mill Levy funding from DPS, salary vacancy savings, and ESSER funding in the 2022-2023 fiscal year. The difference in change of net position was \$7,794,223 less in the 2022-2023 school year than the 2021-2022 school year. This was due to a drop in ESSER revenue in 2022-2023 of \$4,800,000 and a larger investment in compensation increases, and funding key initiatives. A comparative statement of activities follows.

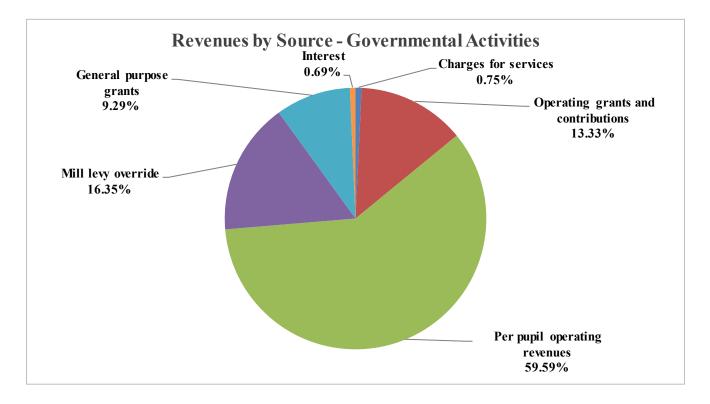
	2023	2022	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program revenues				
Charges for services	\$ 890,655	\$ 768,378	\$ 122,277	15.91%
Operating grants and contributions	15,883,095	11,065,662	4,817,433	43.53%
General revenues				
Per pupil operating revenues	70,987,301	64,467,441	6,519,860	10.11%
Mill levy override	19,478,479	17,208,610	2,269,869	13.19%
General purpose grants	11,062,031	14,440,124	(3,378,093)	-23.39%
Interest	822,483	371,709	450,774	121.27%
Total revenues	119,124,044	108,321,924	10,802,120	9.97%
Expenses				
Instructional				
Regular education	59,612,234	53,679,636	5,932,598	11.05%
Special education	574,338	83,060	491,278	591.47%
Supporting services				
Pupil supporting services	9,200,962	7,151,676	2,049,286	28.65%
Instructional support	6,086,934	4,798,400	1,288,534	26.85%
General administration	649,771	642,511	7,260	100.00%
School administration	23,446,222	19,710,787	3,735,435	18.95%
Business services	1,537,454	2,326,916	(789,462)	-33.93%
Operations and maintenance	9,946,854	5,295,326	4,651,528	87.84%
Pupil transportation	1,409,229	902,025	507,204	56.23%
Central services	2,540,862	2,677,144	(136,282)	-5.09%
Property	23,238	6,101	17,137	100.00%
Other support services	1,281,168	439,341	841,827	191.61%
Total expenses	116,309,266	97,712,923	18,596,343	19.03%
Increase in Net Position	2,814,778	10,609,001	(7,794,223)	-73.47%
Beginning Net Position	59,916,074	49,307,073	10,609,001	21.52%
Ending Net Position	\$ 62,730,852	\$ 59,916,074	\$ 2,814,778	4.70%

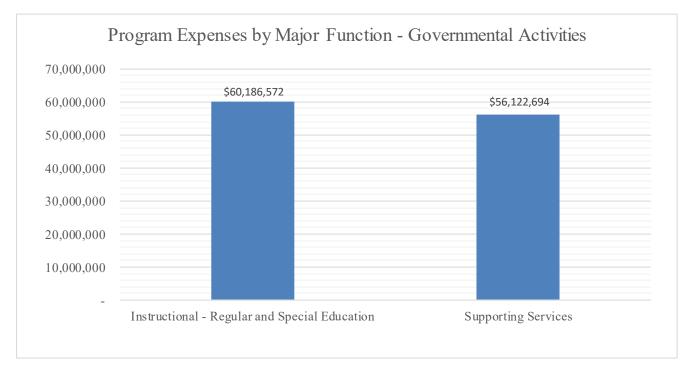
DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

The total cost of all Governmental Activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 was \$116,309,266. Funding for these Governmental Activities is by specific program revenue or through general revenues such as per pupil revenues and mill levy overrides. The following is a summary of the governmental activities:

- The total general revenues of all governmental activities was \$102,350,294. The amount paid through Per Pupil Revenue (PPR), which is based on 7,093 students and a rate set by the Colorado State Legislature was \$70,987,301 and represents 69.4 percent of the total of general revenues.
- An additional \$19,478,479 or 19.0 percent was received through mill levy overrides which are property taxes approved by the voters in Denver Public Schools and Aurora Public Schools.
- Revenues from program specific operating grants were \$11,062,031. This includes \$8,419,769 in support from the DSST Public Schools Foundation.
- Revenues from charges for services were \$890,655 and include voluntarily paid student fees which help pay for school technology, field trips, athletics, and other school specific expenses.
- The cost of all governmental activities was \$116,309,266 which is an increase of \$18,596,343 from fiscal year 2022. The increase is due to increases in salaries, stipends, benefit costs, enrollment growth, and increased per pupil expenditures.
- The largest expense is personnel, including teachers, administrators, coaches and substitute teachers totaling \$82,161,867 or 70.6 percent of total expense. Salaries, stipends, and related payroll taxes and benefits are all included in the personnel category.
- Payments to Denver Public Schools and Aurora Public Schools for rent, special education services, administrative services, accounting and general operations total \$12,436,327 or 10.7 percent of total expenses.
- The remaining \$21,711,072 of expenses are for instructional and non-instructional supplies, student activities, printing, copying, facility, and miscellaneous expenses.

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023





DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Financial Analysis of DSST's Funds

Governmental Funds

DSST's accounting records for general governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis with the revenues being recorded when available and measurable to finance expenditures of the fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when services or goods are received and the fund liabilities are incurred. The general governmental operations include a General Fund.

Revenues from the Governmental Funds totaled \$118,481,779 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. State revenues, including Per Pupil Revenue, continued to be the largest source of revenue received by DSST and equaled \$72,954,158.

Expenditures for governmental operations totaled \$120,202,206 during fiscal year 2023, an increase of \$6,363,426, or 5.6% percent, from fiscal year 2022. \$5,977,997 of this expense was directly related to the renovations on DSST: Elevate High School, a building purchased in Northeast Denver in February of 2021. Renovations for the 6-12 campus are largely completed as of June 20,2023, but final touches will continue through the fall of 2023.

The General Fund reported a fund balance of \$50,194,737, a decrease of \$1,720,427 from 2022. The decrease in fund balance is largely due to the use of bond funding received in the previous fiscal year to renovate the DSST: Elevate Campus. Out of the total fund balance, \$14,664,497 constitutes unassigned fund balance. Of the remainder of the fund balance, \$1,443,115 is non-spendable, \$3,547,800 is restricted by TABOR, \$1,513,159 is restricted for various uses at the schools, \$965,916 is restricted for debt service, and \$28,060,250 is assigned by the DSST Board of Directors as a three month reserve of total operating expenditures.

DSST Public Schools Management's Discussion and Analysis (Unaudited) June 30, 2023

Capital Assets

DSST has invested \$35,174,433, net of depreciation, in capital assets. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$5,750,381 from the prior year which is almost entirely due to the renovation of the DSST: Elevate High School building.

Capital Assets (net of depreciation)										
	_	Governmen	tal A	ctivities						
		ine 30, 2023	June 30, 2022			\$ Change	% Change			
Capital assets not being depreciated										
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	15,619,264	\$	(15,619,264)	100.00%			
Capital assets being depreciated										
Building		9,617,883		9,882,219		(264,336)	100.00%			
Building improvements		25,286,930		3,667,734		21,619,196	589.44%			
Vehicles		10,049		21,997		(11,948)	-54.32%			
Equipment		259,571		232,838		26,733	11.48%			
	\$	35,174,433	\$	29,424,052	\$	5,750,381	19.54%			

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget

As part of the budget development process, DSST's management has taken into consideration all the factors that drive charter school's budgets: enrollment, per pupil funding rates, mill levy overrides, personnel costs, facility costs and the local economy.

All of these factors were considered when adopting the 2023-2024 budget. A 10% increase in PPR funding is budgeted for the 2023-2024 school year as set by the Colorado State Legislature. DSST is winding down the ESSER funds, reducing expected amounts from \$7.5M to receiving all remaining allocations of \$3.2M in the 2023-2024 fiscal year. This is the first year of a new strategic plan of DSST's and a one time expense allocation of \$850K is budgeted for the 2023-2024 school year for support of this strategic plan. In addition, a \$4.3M increase in expenses is budgeted for increased compensation and benefit costs.

DSST Public Schools

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities	DSST Foundation		
Assets	• • • • • • • • • • • • •	•		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,880,077	\$ -		
Cash held by fiscal agent	997,171	-		
Investments	-	41,072,867		
Restricted permanent endowment	220,234	-		
Accounts receivable, net	842,527	-		
Receivable from Foundation	31,480,334	-		
Promises to give, net	571,000	3,002,400		
PCOPS credits	1,208,446	-		
Prepaid expenses	249,817	-		
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	35,174,433	-		
Subscription IT assets	1,115,731			
Total assets	97,739,770	44,075,267		
Deferred Outflows of Resources				
Deferred outflows - pension	3,581,828	-		
Deferred outflows - OPEB	260,141			
Total deferred outflows of resources	3,841,969			
Current Liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	4,641,066	-		
Accrued salaries and benefits	6,042,803	-		
Payable to schools	-	31,480,334		
Current portion of long-term debt	365,000	-		
Current portion of subscription liabilities	270,924	-		
Long-term Liabilities				
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	18,926,290	-		
Noncurrent portion of subscription liabilities	693,429	-		
Net pension liability	7,563,531	-		
Net OPEB liability	257,242			
Total liabilities	38,760,285	31,480,334		
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Deferred inflows - pension	-	-		
Deferred inflows - OPEB	90,602			
Total deferred inflows of resources	90,602			
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	17,137,764	-		
Restricted for				
Emergencies	3,547,800	-		
Donations with a specific purpose	1,513,159	3,399,243		
Unrestricted	40,532,129	9,195,690		

DSST Public Schools

Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

					Progr	am Revenues				Net (Expense) Change in N		
Functions/Programs	E	Expenses		Charges for Operating Gra		ating Grants	Capital Grants and		Governmental Activities		DSST Foundation Activities	
				Oct Vices		Johnman	00111	ibutions		Activities		Activities
Primary Government:												
Governmental activities												
Instruction												
Regular education	\$	59,612,234	\$	890,655	\$	14,201,587	\$	-	\$	(44,519,992)	\$	-
Special education		574,338		-				-		(574,338)		-
Total instructional		60,186,572		890,655		14,201,587		-		(45,094,330)		-
Supporting services												
Pupil supporting services		9,200,962		-		188,155		-		(9,012,807)		-
Instructional support		6,086,934		-		194,193		-		(5,892,741)		-
General administration		649,771		-		-		-		(649,771)		-
School administration		23,446,222		-		249,160		-		(23,197,062)		-
Business services		1,537,454		-		-		-		(1,537,454)		-
Operations and maintenance		9,946,854		-		-		-		(9,946,854)		-
Pupil transportation		1,409,229		-		-		-		(1,409,229)		-
Central services		2,540,862		-		-		-		(2,540,862)		-
Property		23,238		-		1,050,000		-		1,026,762		-
Other support services		1,281,168		_		1,000,000				(1,281,168)		_
Total supporting services		56,122,694			-	1,681,508				(54,441,186)		
Total primary government	\$	116,309,266	\$	890,655	\$	15,883,095	\$	-	\$	(99,535,516)	\$	-
Component Unit:												
DSST Foundation	¢	8,431,816	¢		¢	2 212 916	¢				¢	(5,219,000)
Total component unit	<u>.</u>		<u>\$</u>		\$	3,212,816	\$				<u> </u>	
Total component unit	3	8,431,816	\$	-	\$	3,212,816	2				\$	(5,219,000)
		al Revenues							\$	70,987,301	\$	
		levy override							ψ	19,478,479	φ	
		eral purpose grants								11,062,031		-
		est income								822,483		1,637,043
		l general revenues	and tran	for						102,350,294		1,637,043
	Tota	i general revenues	and trans	sicis						102,530,294		1,037,043
	Chang	ge in net position								2,814,778		(3,581,957)
	Net po	sition, beginning	of year							59,916,074		16,176,890
	Net po	sition, end of yea	r						\$	62,730,852	\$	12,594,933

DSST Public Schools

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2023

		General Fund
Assets	÷	
Cash and equivalents	\$	25,880,077
Cash held by fiscal agent		997,171
Restricted permanent endowment		220,234
Accounts receivable, net		1,413,527
Receivable from Foundation		31,480,334
PCOPS credits		1,208,446
Prepaid expenses		249,817
Total assets	\$	61,449,606
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance		
Liabilities	¢	4 (41 0 ((
Accounts payable	\$	4,641,066
Accrued salaries and benefits		6,042,803
Total liabilities		10,683,869
Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Unavailable revenue - grants		571,000
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources		11,254,869
Fund Balance		
Nonspendable		1,443,115
Restricted		5,060,959
Restricted for debt service		965,916
Restricted for capital projects		-
Assigned		28,060,250
Unassigned		14,664,497
Total fund balance		50,194,737
		,
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	61,449,606

DSST Public Schools Reconciliation of Balance Sheet June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Total fund balance of the governmental fund	\$ 50,194,737
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund. This amount is net of accumulated depreciation of \$3,923,577.	35,174,433
Subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	1,115,731
Other receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures are, therefore, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the funds	571,000
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund	(19,291,290)
Pension and OPEB related deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	(90,602)
Deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	3,841,969
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental fund	(7,563,531)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental fund	(257,242)
Long-term subscription liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund	(964,353)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 62,730,852

DSST Public Schools

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund
Revenues	
Local sources	\$ 34,465,590
State sources	72,954,158
Federal sources	11,062,031
Total revenues	118,481,779
Expenditures	
Current	
Instructional	
Regular education	59,396,129
Special education	-
Supporting services	
Pupil supporting services	9,127,887
Instructional support	6,010,517
General administration	632,169
School administration	22,341,940
Business services	1,537,454
Operations and maintenance	9,946,854
Pupil transportation	1,409,229
Central services	2,540,862
Property	5,977,997
Other support services	1,281,168
Total expenditures	120,202,206
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,720,427)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(1,720,427)
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year	51,915,164
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 50,194,737

DSST Public Schools

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2023

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balance - governmental funds \$ (1,720,427)Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in the governmental fund as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is total capital outlay (\$6,864,730) less depreciation expense (\$1,114,349) for the year. 5,750,381 Subscription IT asset amortization expense not included in the fund (275,600)Repayment of subscription liabilities which were capitalized 426,948 The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds. However, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Additionally, governmental funds report the effects of premiums as expenditures in the period when the debt is created. However, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Principal payments 100.000 Amortization of premium 104,378 Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds 571.030 Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds Pension expense (2,119,437)**OPEB** expense (22,495) Change in net position of governmental activities 2,814,778

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 1: Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of DSST Public Schools (DSST) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. Following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies.

Nature of Operations and Reporting Entity

DSST was formed in 2001, for the purpose of entering into a charter school contract with School District No. 1 in the City and County of Denver (Denver Public Schools). In fiscal year 2019, DSST expanded their charter school network by entering into a charter school contract with Aurora Public Schools. The focus of DSST is science, math and technology. DSST transforms public education by eliminating educational inequity and preparing all students for success in college and the 21st century. DSST is dedicated to providing an outstanding liberal arts education, with a focus on science and technology, to a diverse student population. DSST Public Schools includes eight charter school campuses under one contract with Denver Public Schools (DPS): DSST – Montview, DSST – Green Valley Ranch, DSST – College View, DSST – Cole, DSST – Byers, DSST – Conservatory Green, DSST – Noel, and DSST – Elevate. DSST expanded operations into Aurora Public Schools (APS) with one charter school campus: DSST – Aurora Science and Tech.

After a comprehensive year-long process involving input from families, students, staff, leadership, and communities, DSST – Byers will now be known as DSST – Cedar starting from the upcoming 2023-24 school year.

Based on current GASB pronouncements, DSST Schools are component units of either Denver Public Schools or Aurora Public Schools. As such, the respective collective Schools' financial results are included in both the Denver Public Schools' and Aurora Public Schools' Annual Comprehensive Financial Report with respect to their related charter school campuses. It is the administrative position of the Colorado Department of Education that a charter school has the same relationship to a public school district as does any other school program or school building within a district. A charter school is part of a local school district that is a political subdivision of the State of Colorado. In accordance with Colorado State Statute, Denver Public Schools and Aurora Public Schools have approved the respective charters of DSST for various periods, depending on the Charter Agreement. At the end of the charter period, DSST intends to seek renewal of its charter in accordance with procedures set forth in the state law and school district policy/regulations.

DSST is economically dependent on funding received from Denver Public Schools.

Blended Component Unit

DSST Building Corporation (Building Corp) – In fiscal year 2021, DSST Public Schools created the Building Corp as a legally separate tax-exempt organization to hold a building purchased in February 2021 for use by DSST Public Schools. The Building Corp provides services entirely to DSST Public Schools and is therefore blended into the General Fund. The Building Corp is governed by a Board of Directors, which consists of current members or employees of DSST Public Schools.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Discretely Presented Component Unit

DSST Public Schools Foundation (Foundation) – The Foundation is reported in a separate column as a discretely presented component unit to emphasize that it is legally separate from DSST Public Schools.

The Foundation was formed in 2011 to provide philanthropic support to DSST Public Schools. The Foundation is a legally separate, tax-exempt entity and DSST Public Schools does not appoint the voting majority of the Foundation's board. DSST Public Schools will primarily benefit from the Foundation's activities as the Foundation receives and holds economic resources entirely for the direct benefit of DSST Public Schools. DSST Public Schools is entitled to or has the ability to access a majority of the economic resources received or held by the Foundation, and the economic resources held by the Foundation are significant to DSST Public Schools. Based on these factors and current GASB standards, it has been determined that the Foundation should be discretely presented in the financial statements. Separately issued financial statements are not available for the Foundation.

Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (*i.e.*, the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of DSST's financial activities. The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include 1) charges to students or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted intergovernmental revenues properly not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are presented using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, the operating statement presents increases and decreases in net current assets, and unassigned fund balance is a measure of available spendable resources. This means only current liabilities are generally included on the governmental fund balance sheet.

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Measurable means the amount of the transaction can be determined; available means collectible within the current period, or soon enough thereafter, to pay liabilities of the current period. Revenues are considered to be available if collected within 60 days after year-end, except grant revenues are recognized to the extent allowable expenditures have been incurred. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred and expected to be paid with current available resources.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Major Fund

DSST Public Schools reports one major fund, the general fund, which is the general operating fund of DSST Public Schools. It is used to account for all financial resources except those requirements to be accounted for in other funds.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balance/Net Position

Cash and cash equivalents – DSST considers all cash and highly liquid financial instruments with original maturities of three months or less, and which are neither held for nor restricted by donors for long-term purposes, to be cash and cash equivalents.

Accounts receivable – All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Management has determined all accounts to be fully collectible, thus no allowance was considered necessary.

Investments and investment income – Investments are reported at fair value in accordance with GASB statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurements and Application*, except for specific investments held in a federal money market fund or local government investment pool, which are reported at net asset value (NAV). See the investments footnote for more information.

Capital assets – Capital assets are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital additions over \$5,000 are recorded at cost or, if donated, at acquisition value on the date of donation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. When assets are sold or otherwise disposed of, the cost and related depreciation or amortization are removed from the accounts, and any remaining gain or loss is included in the statement of activities. Costs of maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the useful lives of the respective assets are currently expensed.

DSST reviews the carrying values of property and equipment for impairment whenever events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. When considered impaired, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds the fair value of the asset. There were no indicators of asset impairment during the year ended June 30, 2023.

Lease assets – Right-to-use lease assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related lease liability plus any lease payments made prior to the lease term, less lease incentives, and plus ancillary charges necessary to place the lease into service, in accordance with GASB statement No. 87, *Leases*. DSST has elected to capitalize leases above \$25,000.

Subscription assets – Subscription assets are initially recorded at the initial measurement of the subscription liability, plus subscription payments made at or before the commencement of the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, less any SBITA vendor incentives received from the SBITA vendor at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs. Subscription assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset. DSST has elected to capitalize subscription assets above \$25,000.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Subscription liability – Subscription-based IT arrangement liabilities are recorded in accordance with GASB Statement No 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, in the government-wide financial statements. The subscription liability is calculated as the present value of the remaining lease payments expected to be paid/received during the lease term. DSST recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial individual value of \$25,000 or more.

Beneficial interest in assets held by community foundation – At the direction of a donor, DSST established a permanent endowment fund (the Fund) at a community foundation for the purpose of supporting educational technology. DSST granted variance power to the community foundation, which allows the community foundation to modify any condition or restriction on its distributions for any specified charitable purpose or to any specified organization if, in the sole judgment of the community foundation's board of directors, such restriction or condition becomes unnecessary, incapable of fulfillment, or inconsistent with the charitable needs of the community. The Fund is held and invested by the community foundation for the benefit of DSST Public Schools and is reported at fair value.

Intrafund activity – The effects of intra-entity activity between the home office and individual schools has been eliminated.

Donated services and in-kind contributions – Volunteers contribute significant amounts of time to DSST's program services, administration, and fundraising and development activities; however, the financial statements do not reflect the value of these contributed services because they do not meet recognition criteria prescribed by generally accepted accounting principles. Contributed goods are recorded at fair value at the date of donation. Donated professional services are recorded at the respective fair values of the services received. No significant donated professional services or materials were received during fiscal year 2023.

Income taxes – DSST Public Schools is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(vi), and has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation under Section 509(a)(1). DSST is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. In addition, DSST is subject to income tax on net income that is derived from business activities that are unrelated to its exempt purposes. DSST did not have any of this type of activity during the current fiscal year.

The Foundation is exempt from federal income tax under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction under Section 170(b)(1)(A)(viii), and has been classified as an organization other than a private foundation under Section 509(a)(3). The Foundation is annually required to file a Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. Income from activities not directly related to Foundation's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. The Foundation did not have any of this type of activity during the current fiscal year.

In fiscal year 2021, DSST Public Schools created a third entity, which is blended in the general fund for financial statement purposes – DSST Building Corporation. DSST Building Corporation is a non-profit organization as defined by Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code, and qualifies for the charitable contribution deduction and is classified as a supporting organization of DSST Public Schools under 509(a)(3). DSST Building Corporation is annually required to file a

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Return of Organization Exempt from Income Tax (Form 990) with the IRS. Income from activities not directly related to DSST Building Corporation's tax-exempt purpose is subject to taxation as unrelated business income. DSST Building Corporation did not have any of this type of activity during the current fiscal year.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources – In addition to assets, the statement of net position reports a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. DSST has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These are shown as pension and OPEB related amounts that include items related to DSST's portion of the Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and Colorado PERA Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) benefit plans. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, the net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments, the change in employer allocation percentage, the difference between the actual contributions and proportionate share of total contributions, as well as the amortization related to the difference, and the related contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and government fund balance sheet will report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. DSST reports two items on the statement of net position that qualify for reporting in this category – pension and OPEB-related amounts. The pension and OPEB-related amounts include items related to DSST's portion of the Colorado Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA), and Colorado PERA Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF) benefit plans. This includes the difference between expected and actual experience, any changes of assumptions or other inputs, the net difference between the actual contributions and proportionate share of total contributions, as well as the amortization related to the difference, and the related contributions subsequent to the measurement date.

Net position/fund balance – In the government-wide financial statements, net position is restricted when constraints placed on the net position are externally imposed. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is DSST's policy to use restricted resources first and the unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Fund balance classification – The governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which DSST is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent. The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

Nonspendable – Amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. DSST considers prepaid expenses, including PCOPS credits, as nonspendable, which total \$1,443,115 as of June 30, 2023.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Restricted – This classification, including restricted for debt service and restricted for capital projects, includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Emergency Reserves of \$3,547,800 are restricted because their use is restricted by State Statute for declared emergencies. DSST and the Foundation have donations and promises to give with purpose restrictions of \$1,513,164 and \$3,399,243, respectively.

Committed – This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the Board of Directors. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Directors removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. This classification also includes contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements. DSST did not have any committed resources as of June 30, 2023.

Assigned – This classification includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are considered neither restricted nor committed. Undesignated excess Fund Balances may be assigned by the Board of Directors, COO, Director of Finance or for specific purposes through the budget process. The assigned designation may be reversed by the Board of Directors. DSST had assigned fund balance as of June 30, 2023 of \$28,060,250 related to board designated operating reserves.

Unassigned – This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. The unassigned classification also includes negative residual fund balance of any other governmental fund that cannot be eliminated by offsetting assigned fund balance amounts.

Risk Management

DSST is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. DSST purchases commercial insurance for these risks of loss, including liability, property, errors and omissions, and workers' compensation. Settled claims did not exceed coverage for the past three years.

Use of Estimates

Preparation of financial statement in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, gains, losses and other changes in fund balance/net position during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annually, the Board of Directors adopts a budget for the Organization as a whole, on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

A proposed budget is submitted to the Board of Directors for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1 for their approval. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. Revisions that alter the total expenditures must be approved by the Board of Directors. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end. One budget amendment was approved by the Board of Directors during the year.

Note 2: Cash and Equivalents

Cash and equivalents as of June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

Deposits

The financial institution holding DSST's cash accounts is participating in the FDIC's Transaction Account Guarantee Program. Interest-bearing transaction accounts were subject to the \$250,000 limit on FDIC insurance per covered institution per entity.

Under the provisions of GASB 40, *Deposit and Investment Risk Disclosures*, deposits are not deemed exposed to custodial credit risk if they are collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institutions under the Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA), as discussed below. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure, DSST's deposits may not be returned.

Colorado state statutes govern DSST's deposit of cash. The PDPA requires DSST to make deposits only in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulations. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized by eligible collateral as determined by the PDPA. The PDPA allows the financial institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds held. The pool is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust for all uninsured public deposits as a group. The market value of the collateral must be at least equal to 102 percent of the uninsured deposits.

DSST has no policy regarding custodial credit risk for deposits. Cash deposits are held by DSST in a pooled account, the first \$250,000 of which is covered by federal deposit insurance per entity. The amounts in excess of federally insured limits are collateralized with securities held by the financial institution's agent, but not in DSST's name except for amounts related to the Building Corp and Foundation which are considered uninsured, if any.

At June 30, 2023, DSST had cash on deposit balances consisting of the following:

	Carrying Amount	Bank Balance	Amount Covered by FDIC	Amount Covered under PDPA	Uninsured Deposits
Governmental Activities	\$ 10,815,687	\$ 12,640,853	\$ 250,000	\$ 12,390,853	\$ -
DSST Foundation	\$ -	\$ 11,948	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$ -

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 3: Investments

DSST is required to comply with state statutes which specify investment instruments meeting defined rating, maturity and concentration risk criteria in which local governments may invest, which include the following.

- Obligations of the United States and certain U.S. Agency securities
- Certain international agency securities
- General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- Bankers' acceptance of certain banks
- Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- Certain money market funds
- Guaranteed investment contracts
- Local government investment pools

State statutes generally limit investments to an original maturity of five years unless the governing board authorizes the investment for a period in excess of five years. State statutes do not address custodial risk.

Local Government Investment Pool - at June 30, 2023, DSST had \$15,064,390 invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (COLOTRUST), an investment vehicle valued at NAV established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds for investment purposes and is registered with the state Securities Commissioner. It operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions of each pooled investment. The majority of securities owned by COLOTRUST are held by the Federal Reserve Bank in the account maintained for the custodial bank. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by COLOTRUST. Investments of the pool consist of U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities, and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities. COLORADO Trust is comprised of two funds: PRIME and PLUS+. Both funds carry an AAAm from Standards and Poor's. The Colorado Division of Securities administers and enforces the requirements of creating and operating COLOTRUST. COLOTRUST is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's. Investments of COLOTRUST are limited to those allowed by state statutes. A designated custodial bank provides safekeeping and depository services in connection with the direct investment and withdrawal functions. The custodian's internal records identify the investments owned by the participating governments. There are no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The investment in Colortrust is considered a cash equivalent on the statement of net position.

Certain assets and liabilities held by DSST Public Schools and the Foundation are reported at fair value in the financial statements. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal, or most advantageous, market at the measurement date under current market conditions regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique. Inputs used to determine fair value refer broadly to the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risk. Inputs may be observable or unobservable. Observable inputs

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

are inputs that reflect the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are inputs that reflect the reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset or liability based on the best information available. A three-tier hierarchy categorizes the inputs as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that DSST Public Schools or the Foundation can access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. These include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability, and market-corroborated inputs.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. In these situations, DSST Public Schools or the Foundation develops inputs using the best information available in the circumstances.

In some cases, the inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset or a liability might be categorized within different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In those cases, the fair value measurement is categorized in its entirety in the same level of the fair value hierarchy as the lowest level input that is significant to the entire measurement. Assessing the significance of an input to entire measurement requires judgment, taking into account factors specific to the asset or liability. The categorization of an asset within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the asset and does not necessarily correspond to DSST Public Schools' or the Foundation's assessment of the quality, risk or liquidity profile of the asset.

All of the Foundation's investments measured at fair value are comprised of mutual funds with a readily determinable market price. As such, these investments are classified as Level 1. The fair value of DSST Public Schools' beneficial interest in assets held by community foundation is based on the fair value of fund investments as reported by the community foundation. These are Level 3 measurements.

DSST's deposits and investments, like those of other governments, are subject to various risks:

- 1) Interest Rate Risk State statutes limit investments in U.S. Treasury Agency securities to an original maturity of five years and corporate securities to an original maturity of three years.
- 2) Custodial Credit Risk The custodial credit risk of deposits is the risk that in the event of failure of a depository financial institution, DSST would not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial risk for investments is the risk that in the event of the failure of a counterparty to the transaction, DSST would not be able to recover the value of the investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.
- 3) Concentration Credit Risk Colorado statutes specify in which instruments units of local government may invest, which are listed above.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

DSST did not have any investments requiring categorization of credit risk as of June 30, 2023. DSST's investment policy follows State statutes. When made, all investments shall be in instruments which mature in less than five years (governmental and/or agency securities) or three years (corporate and bank securities).

The following table presents assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis, except those measured at NAV as identified below, at June 30, 2023:

	Total Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	Investments Measured at NAV ^(A)
DSST investments measured at fair value Permanent endowment - beneficial interest in assets held by community foundation DSST investments measured at NAV Local government investment	\$ 220,234	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	\$ 220,234	<u> </u>
pool - COLOTRUST Total DSST investments	15,064,390 \$ 15,284,624	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u> \$	\$ 220,234	15,064,390 \$ 15,064,390
Foundation investments measured at fair value Mutual funds - unrated Total DSST Foundation investments	\$ 41,072,867 \$ 41,072,867	\$ 41,072,867 \$ 41,072,867	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>s -</u>

^(A)Certain investments that are measured using the NAV per share (or its equivalent) practical expedient have not been classified in the fair value hierarchy. The amounts included above are intended to permit reconciliation of the fair value hierarchy to the amounts presented in the statement of net position.

Note 4: Foundation Promises to Give

Unconditional promises to give are estimated to be collected as follows at June 30, 2023:

Within one year In one to five years	\$ 2,978,200 595,200
	\$ 3,573,400

At June 30, 2023, one donor accounted for 60 percent of total promises to give.

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Note 5: Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is summarized below:

	Beginning Balance			Disposals Transfers		
Capital assets not being depreciated						
Construction in progress	\$ 15,619,264	\$ 6,628,737	\$ -	\$ (22,248,001)	\$ -	
Capital assets being depreciated						
Building	10,309,111	-	-	-	10,309,111	
Building improvements	4,313,347	14,895	-	22,248,001	26,576,243	
Vehicles	397,486	-	-	-	397,486	
Equipment	2,478,444	221,098	-	-	2,699,542	
Software	786,067				786,067	
Total capital assets	33,903,719	6,864,730			40,768,449	
Less accumulated depreciation						
Building	426,892	264,336	-	-	691,228	
Building improvements	645,613	643,700	-	-	1,289,313	
Vehicles	375,489	11,948	-	-	387,437	
Equipment	2,245,606	194,365	-	-	2,439,971	
Software	786,067				786,067	
Total accumulated depreciation	4,479,667	1,114,349			5,594,016	
Capital assets, net	\$ 29,424,052	\$ 5,750,381	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 35,174,433	

All depreciation expense is related to instruction and has been allocated accordingly in the Statement of Activities.

DSST has subscription assets for the year ended June 30, 2023. These assets are long-term software license agreements, and are discussed in the subscription liabilities disclosure. The subscription IT assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the terms of the related subscription agreements. As a result of the implementation of *GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*, \$1,213,965 in subscription IT assets has been added to the beginning balance presented below. Subscription IT asset activity for DSST for the year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Additions Disposals		Ending Balance	
Subscription IT asset	\$ 1,213,965	\$ 177,336	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,391,301	
Less accumulated amortization Subscription IT asset		275,600			275,600	
Subscription Assets, Net	\$ 1,213,965	\$ (98,264)	<u>\$</u> -	\$ -	\$ 1,115,701	

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Note 6: Long-term Debt

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

	I	Beginning Balance	A	dditions	De	ductions	Ending Balance	Current Portion
Revenue bonds Premium Subscription liability	\$	17,930,000 1,565,668 1,213,965	\$	177,336	\$	(100,000) (104,378) (426,948)	\$ 17,830,000 1,461,290 964,353	\$ 365,000 N/A 270,924
	\$	20,709,633	\$	177,336	\$	(631,326)	\$ 20,255,643	\$ 635,924

Charter School Revenue Bonds, Series 2021A dated June 15, 2021 in the amount of \$17,930,000 were issued by the Colorado Educational and Cultural Facilities Authority (CECFA) for the purpose of financing the renovations and construction costs associated with the opening of a new school. The building for the new school – Elevate High School – was purchased in February 2021. The bonds are secured by the building purchased as well as pledged revenues. Interest is payable semiannually on August 1 and February 1 at an interest rate of 4 percent through fiscal year 2032 and 3 percent thereafter. Bond principal is payable annually on August 1. Final maturity is August 1, 2052. In the event of default, the Trustee may declare the principal and accrued interest thereon to be immediately due and payable. No debt service payments were made during the fiscal year. The debt service to maturity is as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 365,000	\$ 566,200	\$ 931,200
2025	380,000	551,300	931,300
2026	395,000	535,800	930,800
2027	410,000	519,700	929,700
2028	425,000	503,000	928,000
2029-2033	2,405,000	2,242,200	4,647,200
2034-2038	2,840,000	1,809,450	4,649,450
2039-2043	3,300,000	1,350,000	4,650,000
2044-2048	3,820,000	816,750	4,636,750
2049-2052	3,490,000	213,150	3,703,150
Total	\$ 17,830,000	\$ 9,107,550	\$ 26,937,550

Subscription liability. As a result of implementation of GASB 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), \$1,213,965 of subscription liabilities for software subscriptions have been added to the beginning balance presented above. Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2023, is shown in the table above.

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Note 7: Subscription Liabilities

DSST has various subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs), the terms of which expire in various years through 2027. Variable payments of certain subscriptions are based upon the Consumer Price Index (Index). The subscriptions were measured based upon the Index at commencement of the SBITA term. Variable payments based upon the use of the underlying asset are not included in the subscription liability because they are not fixed in substance.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, DSST recognized \$463,191 of subscription expense for variable payments not previously included in the measurement of the subscription liability.

Year Ending June 30	Fotal to Be Paid	Р	rincipal	Ir	nterest
2024	\$ 295,091	\$	270,924	\$	24,167
2025	321,932		307,440		14,492
2026	353,281		348,096		5,185
2027	 38,298		37,893		405
	\$ 1,008,602	\$	964,353	\$	44,249

The following is a schedule by year of payments under the SBITAs as of June 30, 2023:

Note 8: Employee Retirement Plans

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Pensions. DSST participates in the School Division Trust Fund (SCHDTF), a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado (PERA). The net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the SCHDTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the Pension Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of DSST are provided with pensions through the SCHDTF a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by PERA. Plan benefits are specified in Title 24, Article 51 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), administrative rules set forth at 8 C.C.R. 1502-1, and applicable provisions of the federal Internal Revenue Code. Colorado State law provisions may be amended from time to time by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports.

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Benefits provided as of December 31, 2022. PERA provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. Retirement benefits are determined by the amount of service credit earned and/or purchased, highest average salary, the benefit structure(s) under which the member retires, the benefit option selected at retirement, and age at retirement. Retirement eligibility is specified in tables set forth at C.R.S. § 24-51-602, 604, 1713, and 1714.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the PERA benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- The value of the retiring employee's member contribution account plus a 100 percent match on eligible amounts as of the retirement date. This amount is then annuitized into a monthly benefit based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

The lifetime retirement benefit for all eligible retiring employees under the Denver Public Schools (DPS) benefit structure is the greater of the:

- Highest average salary multiplied by 2.5 percent and then multiplied by years of service credit.
- \$15 times the first ten years of service credit plus \$20 times service credit over ten years plus a monthly amount equal to the annuitized member contribution account balance based on life expectancy and other actuarial factors.

In all cases, the service retirement benefit is limited to 100 percent of highest average salary and also cannot exceed the maximum benefit allowed by federal Internal Revenue Code.

Members may elect to withdraw their member contribution accounts upon termination of employment with all PERA employers; waiving rights to any lifetime retirement benefits earned. If eligible, the member may receive a match of either 50 percent or 100 percent on eligible amounts depending on when contributions were remitted to PERA, the date employment was terminated, whether five years of service credit has been obtained and the benefit structure under which contributions were made.

Upon meeting certain criteria, benefit recipients who elect to receive a lifetime retirement benefit generally receive post-retirement cost-of-living adjustments, referred to as annual increases in the C.R.S. Subject to the automatic adjustment provision (AAP) under C.R.S. § 24-51-413, eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership before January 1, 2007, and all eligible benefit recipients of the DPS benefit structure will receive the maximum annual increase (AI) or AI cap of 1.00 percent unless adjusted by the AAP. Eligible benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure who began membership on or after January 1, 2007, will receive the lesser of an annual increase of the 1.00 percent AI cap or the average increase of the Consumer Price Index for Urban Wage Earners and Clerical Workers for the prior calendar year, not to exceed a determined increase that would exhaust 10 percent of PERA's Annual Increase Reserve (AIR) for the SCHDTF. The AAP may raise or lower the aforementioned AI cap by up to 0.25 percent based on the parameters specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-413.

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Disability benefits are available for eligible employees once they reach five years of earned service credit and are determined to meet the definition of disability. The disability benefit amount is based on the lifetime retirement benefit formula(s) shown above considering a minimum 20 years of service credit, if deemed disabled.

Survivor benefits are determined by several factors, which include the amount of earned service credit, highest average salary of the deceased, the benefit structure(s) under which service credit was obtained, and the qualified survivor(s) who will receive the benefits.

Contributions provisions as of June 30, 2023: Eligible employees of DSST and the State are required to contribute to the SCHDTF at a rate set by Colorado statute. The contribution requirements for the SCHDTF are established under C.R.S. § 24-51-401, *et seq.* and § 24-51-413. Eligible employees are required to contribute 11.00 percent of their PERA-includable salary during the period of July 1, 2022 through June 30, 2023. Employer contribution requirements are summarized in the table below:

	July 1, 2022 Through June 30, 2023
Employer Contribution Rate	11.40%
Amount of Employer Contribution apportioned to the Health Care	
Trust Fund as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-208(1)(f)	-1.02%
Amount apportioned to the SCHDTF**	10.38%
Amortization Equalization Disbursement (AED)	
as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	4.50%
Supplemental Amortization Equalization Disbursement (SAED)	
as specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-411	5.50%
Total Employer Contribution Rate to the SCHDTF	20.38%

** Contribution rates for the SCHDTF are expressed as a percentage of salary as defined in C.R.S. § 24-51-101(42).

Employer contributions are recognized by the SCHDTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and DSST is statutorily committed to pay the contributions to the SCHDTF. Employer contributions recognized by the SCHDTF from DSST were \$786,611 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

For purposes of GASB 68 paragraph 15, a circumstance exists in which a nonemployer contributing entity is legally responsible for making contributions to the SCHDTF and is considered to meet the definition of a special funding situation. As specified in C.R.S. § 24-51-414, the State is required to contribute a \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution each year to PERA starting on July 1, 2018. A portion of the direct distribution payment is allocated to the SCHDTF based on the proportionate amount of annual payroll of the SCHDTF to the total annual payroll of the SCHDTF, State Division Trust Fund, Judicial Division Trust Fund, and Denver Public Schools Division Trust Fund. House Bill (HB) 22-1029, instructed the State treasurer to issue an additional direct distribution to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars), upon

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enactment. The July 1, 2023, payment is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, payment will not be reduced due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022. Senate Bill (SB) 23-056, enacted June 2, 2023, requires an additional direct distribution of approximately \$14.5 million (actual dollars), for a total of approximately \$49.5 million (actual dollars) to be contributed July 1, 2023.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability for the SCHDTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total pension liability (TPL) used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TPL to December 31, 2022. The DSST proportion of the net pension liability was based on DSST contributions to the SCHDTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers and the State as a nonemployer contributing entity.

At June 30, 2023, the DSST reported a liability of \$7,563,531 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected an increase for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. The amount recognized by the DSST as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with DSST were as follows:

DSST proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,563,531
The State's proportionate share of the net pension liability as	
a nonemployer contributing entity associated with the DSST	 2,204,089
Total	\$ 9,767,620

At December 31, 2022, the DSST proportion was .042 percent, which was an increase .007 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the DSST recognized pension expense of \$2,906,048 and revenue of \$259,187 for support from the State as a nonemployer contributing entity. At June 30, 2023, the DSST reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

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	0	Deferred utflows of esources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	71,581	\$	-	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		133,975		-	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		1,016,061		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions					
recognized and proportionate share of contributions		1,956,023		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		404,188			
Total	\$	3,581,828	\$		

\$404,188 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending	June 30,	
2024	\$ 1,40	60,543
2025	64	47,813
2026	47	78,286
2027	59	90,997
2028		-
	\$ 3,1	77,639

Actuarial assumptions. The TPL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

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Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40 - 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of pension	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Postretirement benefit increases:	
PERA benefit structure hired prior to 1/1/07 and DPS	
benefit structure (compounded annually)	1.00%
PERA benefit structure hired after 12/31/06 ¹	Financed by the AIR

¹ Postretirement benefit increases are provided by the AIR, accounted separately within each Division Trust Fund, and subject to moneys being available; therefore, liabilities related to increases for members of these benefit tiers can never exceed available assets.

The mortality tables described below are generational mortality tables developed on a benefitweighted basis.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Disabled mortality assumptions were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021 valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016 through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020 meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared every four to five years for PERA. Recently this assumption has been reviewed more

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frequently. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long- term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

The PERA Board first adopted the 7.25 percent long-term expected rate of return as of November 18, 2016. Following an asset/liability study, the Board reaffirmed the assumed rate of return at the Board's November 15, 2019 meeting, to be effective January 1, 2020. As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation, and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TPL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employee contributions were assumed to be made at the member contribution rates in effect for each year, including the scheduled increases in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employee contributions for future plan members were used to reduce the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members.

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- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law for each year, including the scheduled increase in SB 18-200 and required adjustments resulting from the 2018 and 2020 AAP assessments. Employer contributions also include current and estimated future AED and SAED, until the actuarial value funding ratio reaches 103 percent, at which point the AED and SAED will each drop 0.50 percent every year until they are zero. Additionally, estimated employer contributions reflect reductions for the funding of the AIR and retiree health care benefits. For future plan members, employer contributions were further reduced by the estimated amount of total service costs for future plan members not financed by their member contributions.
- As specified in law, the State, as a nonemployer contributing entity, will provide an annual direct distribution of \$225 million (actual dollars), commencing July 1, 2018, that is proportioned between the State, School, Judicial, and DPS Division Trust Funds based upon the covered payroll of each Division. The annual direct distribution ceases when all Division Trust Funds are fully funded.
- HB 22-1029, effective upon enactment in 2022, required the State treasurer to issue, in addition to the regularly scheduled \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution, a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2023, direct distribution is reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, direct distribution will not be reduced from \$225 million (actual dollars) due to PERA's negative investment return in 2022.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- The AIR balance was excluded from the initial FNP, as, per statute, AIR amounts cannot be used to pay benefits until transferred to either the retirement benefits reserve or the survivor benefits reserve, as appropriate. AIR transfers to the FNP and the subsequent AIR benefit payments were estimated and included in the projections.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the SCHDTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the DSST proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or one percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

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	1%	Decrease	Curr	ent Discount	1%	6 Increase
	Ra	te (6.25%)	Ra	ate (7.25%)	Ra	nte (8.25%)
Proportionate share of the						
net pension liability	\$	9,898,060	\$	7,563,531	\$	5,613,960

Pension plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the SCHDTF's FNP is available in PERA's Annual Report which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

OPEB. DSST participates in the Health Care Trust Fund (HCTF), a cost-sharing multipleemployer defined benefit OPEB fund administered by the Public Employees' Retirement Association of Colorado ("PERA"). The net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position (FNP) and additions to/deductions from the FNP of the HCTF have been determined using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. For this purpose, benefits paid on behalf of health care participants are recognized when due and/or payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan description. Eligible employees of the DSST are provided with OPEB through the HCTF—a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by PERA. The HCTF is established under Title 24, Article 51, Part 12 of the Colorado Revised Statutes (C.R.S.), as amended, and sets forth a framework that grants authority to the PERA Board to contract, self-insure, and authorize disbursements necessary in order to carry out the purposes of the PERACare program, including the administration of the premium subsidies. Colorado State law provisions may be amended by the Colorado General Assembly. PERA issues a publicly available annual comprehensive financial report (ACFR) that can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

Benefits provided. The HCTF provides a health care premium subsidy to eligible participating PERA benefit recipients and retirees who choose to enroll in one of the PERA health care plans, however, the subsidy is not available if only enrolled in the dental and/or vision plan(s). The health care premium subsidy is based upon the benefit structure under which the member retires and the member's years of service credit. For members who retire having service credit with employers in the Denver Public Schools (DPS) Division and one or more of the other four Divisions (State, School, Local Government and Judicial), the premium subsidy is allocated between the HCTF and the Denver Public Schools Health Care Trust Fund (DPS HCTF). The basis for the amount of the premium subsidy funded by each trust fund is the percentage of the member contribution account balance from which the retirement benefit is paid.

C.R.S. § 24-51-1202 *et seq.* specifies the eligibility for enrollment in the health care plans offered by PERA and the amount of the premium subsidy. The law governing a benefit recipient's

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eligibility for the subsidy and the amount of the subsidy differs slightly depending under which benefit structure the benefits are calculated. All benefit recipients under the PERA benefit structure and all retirees under the DPS benefit structure are eligible for a premium subsidy, if enrolled in a health care plan under PERACare. Upon the death of a DPS benefit structure retiree, no further subsidy is paid.

Enrollment in the PERACare health benefits program is voluntary and is available to benefit recipients and their eligible dependents, certain surviving spouses, and divorced spouses and guardians, among others. Eligible benefit recipients may enroll into the program upon retirement, upon the occurrence of certain life events, or on an annual basis during an open enrollment period.

PERA Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for benefit recipients who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for benefit recipients who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for benefit recipients with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The benefit recipient pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For benefit recipients who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, C.R.S. § 24-51-1206(4) provides an additional subsidy. According to the statute, PERA cannot charge premiums to benefit recipients without Medicare Part A that are greater than premiums charged to benefit recipients with Part A for the same plan option, coverage level, and service credit. Currently, for each individual PERACare enrollee, the total premium for Medicare coverage is determined assuming plan participants have both Medicare Part A and Part B and the difference in premium cost is paid by the HCTF or the DPS HCTF on behalf of benefit recipients not covered by Medicare Part A.

DPS Benefit Structure

The maximum service-based premium subsidy is \$230 per month for retirees who are under 65 years of age and who are not entitled to Medicare; the maximum service-based subsidy is \$115 per month for retirees who are 65 years of age or older or who are under 65 years of age and entitled to Medicare. The maximum service-based subsidy, in each case, is for retirees with retirement benefits based on 20 or more years of service credit. There is a 5 percent reduction in the subsidy for each year less than 20. The retiree pays the remaining portion of the premium to the extent the subsidy does not cover the entire amount.

For retirees who have not participated in Social Security and who are not otherwise eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for hospital-related services, the HCTF or the DPS HCTF pays an alternate service-based premium subsidy. Each individual retiree meeting these conditions receives the maximum \$230 per month subsidy reduced appropriately for service less than 20 years, as described above. Retirees who do not have Medicare Part A pay the difference between the total premium and the monthly subsidy.

Contributions. Pursuant to Title 24, Article 51, Section 208(1) (f) of the C.R.S., as amended, certain contributions are apportioned to the HCTF. PERA-affiliated employers of the State,

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

School, Local Government, and Judicial Divisions are required to contribute at a rate of 1.02 percent of PERA-includable salary into the HCTF.

Employer contributions are recognized by the HCTF in the period in which the compensation becomes payable to the member and the DSST is statutorily committed to pay the contributions. Employer contributions recognized by the HCTF from DSST were \$39,369 for the year ended June 30, 2023.

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2023, the DSST reported a liability of \$257,242 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability for the HCTF was measured as of December 31, 2022, and the total OPEB liability (TOL) used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Standard update procedures were used to roll-forward the TOL to December 31, 2022. The DSST proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on DSST contributions to the HCTF for the calendar year 2022 relative to the total contributions of participating employers to the HCTF.

At December 31, 2022, the DSST proportion was .032 percent, which was an increase of .009 percent from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2021.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the DSST recognized OPEB expense of \$64,271. At June 30, 2023, the DSST reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Out	eferred tflows of sources	Deferred Inflows of Resources		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	33	\$	62,210	
Changes of assumptions or other inputs		4,135		28,392	
Net difference between projected and actual					
earnings on pension plan investments		15,712		-	
Changes in proportion and differences between contributions					
recognized and proportionate share of contributions		220,032		-	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		20,229		-	
Total	\$	260,141	\$	90,602	

\$20,229 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2024. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

DSST Public Schools

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

Year Ending June 30

2024	\$ 37,913
2025	25,143
2026	38,031
2027	32,975
2028	12,829
Thereafter	2,421
	\$ 149,312

Actuarial assumptions. The TOL in the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial cost method, actuarial assumptions and other inputs:

Actuarial cost method	Entry age
Price inflation	2.30%
Real wage growth	0.70%
Wage inflation	3.00%
Salary increases, including wage inflation	3.40% - 11.00%
Long-term investment rate of return, net of OPEB	
plan investment expenses, including price inflation	7.25%
Discount rate	7.25%
Health care cost trend rates	
PERA benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	6.50% in 2022, gradually
	decreasing to 4.50% in
Medicare Part A premiums	3.75% in 2022, gradually
	increasing to 4.50% in
DPS benefit structure:	
Service-based premium subsidy	0.00%
PERACare Medicare plans	N/A
Medicare Part A premiums	N/A

The TOL for the HCTF, as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date, was adjusted to reflect the disaffiliation, allowable under C.R.S. § 24-51-313, of Tri-County Health Department (TriCounty Health), effective December 31, 2022. As of the close of the 2022 fiscal year, no disaffiliation payment associated with Tri-County Health was received, and therefore no disaffiliation dollars were reflected in the FNP as of the December 31, 2022 measurement date.

Beginning January 1, 2022, the per capita health care costs are developed by plan option; based on 2022 premium rates for the UnitedHealthcare Medicare Advantage Prescription Drug (MAPD) PPO plan #1, the UnitedHealthcare MAPD PPO plan #2, and the Kaiser Permanente MAPD HMO plan. Actuarial morbidity factors are then applied to estimate individual retiree and spouse costs by age, gender, and health care cost trend. This approach applies for all members and is adjusted accordingly for those not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A for the PERA benefit structure.

DSST Public Schools

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Age-Related Morbidity Assumptions Participant Annual Increase **Annual Increase** Age (Male) (Female) 65-69 3.0% 1.5% 70 2.9% 1.6% 71 1.6% 1.4% 72 1.4% 1.5% 73 1.5% 1.6% 74 1.5% 1.5% 75 1.5% 1.4% 76 1.5% 1.5% 77 1.5% 1.5% 78 1.5% 1.6% 79 1.5% 1.5% 80 1.4% 1.5%

0.0%

81 and older

		MAPD PP Medicar				MAPD PP Medicar			MA	PD HMO Medica	-	-
		Retiree	/Spoi	lse		Retiree	/Sp	ouse		Retiree	/Spoi	use
Sample Age		Male	F	emale		Male		Female		Male	F	emale
65	\$	1,704	\$	1,450	\$	563	\$	496	\$	1,923	\$	1,634
70		1,976		1,561		676		534		2,229		1,761
75		2,128		1,681		728		575		2,401		1,896
	Μ	APD PPO			N						•	•
		Medicar				Medicar			WI	thout Med		
		Retiree	/Spoι	lse		Retiree	/Sp	ouse		Retiree	/Spoi	use
Sample Age		Male	F	emale		Male		Female		Male	F	emale
65	\$	6,514	\$	5,542	\$	4,227	\$	3,596	\$	6,752	\$	5,739

0.0%

The 2022 Medicare Part A premium is \$499 (actual dollars) per month.

All costs are subject to the health care cost trend rates, as discussed below.

Health care cost trend rates reflect the change in per capita health costs over time due to factors such as medical inflation, utilization, plan design, and technology improvements. For the PERA benefit structure, health care cost trend rates are needed to project the future costs associated with providing benefits to those PERACare enrollees not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A.

Health care cost trend rates for the PERA benefit structure are based on published annual health care inflation surveys in conjunction with actual plan experience (if credible), building block models and industry methods developed by health plan actuaries and administrators. In addition, projected trends for the Federal Hospital Insurance Trust Fund (Medicare Part A premiums)

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

provided by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services are referenced in the development of these rates. Effective December 31, 2021, the health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums were revised to reflect the current expectation of future increases in rates of inflation applicable to Medicare Part A premiums.

The PERA benefit structure health care cost trend rates used to measure the TOL are summarized in the table below:

	PERACare	Medicare Part A
Year	Medicare Plans	Premiums
2022	6.50%	3.75%
2023	6.25%	4.00%
2024	6.00%	4.00%
2025	5.75%	4.00%
2026	5.50%	4.25%
2027	5.25%	4.25%
2028	5.00%	4.25%
2029	4.75%	4.50%
2030+	4.50%	4.50%

Mortality assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation for the determination of the total pension liability for each of the Division Trust Funds as shown below, reflect generational mortality and were applied, as applicable, in the determination of the TOL for the HCTF, but developed on a headcount-weighted basis. Affiliated employers of the State, School, Local Government and Judicial Divisions participate in the HCTF.

Pre-retirement mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Employee Table with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled mortality assumptions for the School Division were based upon the PubT-2010 Healthy Retiree Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 112 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 94 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 83 percent of the rates prior to age 80 and 106 percent of the rates for ages 80 and older, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

Post-retirement non-disabled beneficiary mortality assumptions were based upon the Pub-2010 Contingent Survivor Table, adjusted as follows:

- Males: 97 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.
- **Females:** 105 percent of the rates for all ages, with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Disabled mortality assumptions for members other than State Troopers were based upon the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Table using 99 percent of the rates for all ages with generational projection using scale MP-2019.

The following health care costs assumptions were updated and used in the roll-forward calculation for the HCTF:

- Per capita health care costs in effect as of the December 31, 2021, valuation date for those PERACare enrollees under the PERA benefit structure who are expected to be age 65 and older and are not eligible for premium-free Medicare Part A benefits have been updated to reflect costs for the 2022 plan year.
- The December 31, 2021, valuation utilizes premium information as of January 1, 2022, as the initial per capita health care cost. As of that date, PERACare health benefits administration is performed by UnitedHealthcare. In that transition, the costs for the Medicare Advantage Option #2 decreased to a level that is lower than the maximum possible service-related subsidy as described in the plan provisions.
- The health care cost trend rates applicable to health care premiums were revised to reflect the then current expectation of future increases in those premiums. Medicare Part A premiums continued with the prior valuation trend pattern.

Actuarial assumptions pertaining to per capita health care costs and their related trend rates are analyzed and updated annually by PERA Board's actuary, as discussed above.

Effective for the December 31, 2022 measurement date, the timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year within the valuation programming used to determine the TOL, reflecting a recommendation from the 2022 actuarial audit report, dated October 14, 2022, summarizing the results of the actuarial audit performed on the December 31, 2021, actuarial valuation.

The actuarial assumptions used in the December 31, 2021, valuation were based on the results of the 2020 experience analysis for the period January 1, 2016, through December 31, 2019, and were reviewed and adopted by the PERA Board at their November 20, 2020, meeting.

The long-term expected return on plan assets is reviewed as part of regular experience studies prepared at least every five years for PERA. The most recent analyses were outlined in the Experience Study report dated October 28, 2020.

Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption, including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages and then adding expected inflation.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

As of the most recent reaffirmation of the long-term rate of return, the target asset allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the table as follows:

		30 Year Expected Geometric Real
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	54.00%	5.60%
Fixed Income	23.00%	1.30%
Private Equity	8.50%	7.10%
Real Estate	8.50%	4.40%
Alternatives	6.00%	4.70%
Total	100.00%	

Note: In setting the long-term expected rate of return, projections employed to model future returns provide a range of expected long-term returns that, including expected inflation, ultimately support a long-term expected nominal rate of return assumption of 7.25 percent.

Sensitivity of the DSST proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates. The following presents the net OPEB liability using the current health care cost trend rates applicable to the PERA benefit structure, as well as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rates:

	 Decrease in rend Rates	Current rend Rates	1% Increase ir Trend Rates				
Initial PERACare Medicare trend rate ¹	5.25%		6.25%		7.25%		
Ultimate PERACare Medicare trend rate	3.50%		4.50%		5.50%		
Initial Medicare Part A trend rate	3.00%		4.00%		5.00%		
Ultimate Medicare Part A trend rate	3.50%		4.50%		5.50%		
Net OPEB Liability	\$ 249,961	\$	257,242	\$	265,164		
Net OPEB Liability - Collective	\$ 793,369,000	\$	816,479,000	\$	841,625,000		

¹ For the January 1, 2023, plan year.

Discount rate. The discount rate used to measure the TOL was 7.25 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate applied the actuarial cost method and assumptions shown above. In addition, the following methods and assumptions were used in the projection of cash flows:

• Updated health care cost trend rates for Medicare Part A premiums as of the December 31, 2022, measurement date.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

- Total covered payroll for the initial projection year consists of the covered payroll of the active membership present on the valuation date and the covered payroll of future plan members assumed to be hired during the year. In subsequent projection years, total covered payroll was assumed to increase annually at a rate of 3.00 percent.
- Employer contributions were assumed to be made at rates equal to the fixed statutory rates specified in law and effective as of the measurement date.
- Employer contributions and the amount of total service costs for future plan members were based upon a process to estimate future actuarially determined contributions assuming an analogous future plan member growth rate.
- Estimated transfers of dollars into the HCTF representing a portion of purchase service agreements intended to cover the costs associated with OPEB benefits.
- Benefit payments and contributions were assumed to be made at the middle of the year.

Based on the above assumptions and methods, the HCTF's FNP was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return of 7.25 percent on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TOL. The discount rate determination does not use the municipal bond index rate, and therefore, the discount rate is 7.25 percent. There was no change in the discount rate from the prior measurement date.

Sensitivity of the DSST proportionate share of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.25 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.25 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.25 percent) than the current rate:

	 Decrease e (6.25%)	 ent Discount te (7.25%)	1% Increase Rate (8.25%)		
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 249,961	\$ 257,242	\$	265,164	

OPEB plan fiduciary net position. Detailed information about the HCTF's FNP is available in PERA's ACFR which can be obtained at <u>www.copera.org/investments/pera-financial-reports</u>.

Defined Contribution Plan

With the exception of all employees at the Aurora Public Schools campus, who are members of the PERA, all eligible employees, participate in a DSST sponsored defined contribution plan. The Plan is qualified under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code covering substantially all full-time permanent employees having attained one year of service. Plan participants may contribute a portion of their total compensation to the Plan up to limits prescribed by the Internal Revenue Service. DSST may but is not required to contribute to the Plan. During the year ended June 30, 2023 DSST contributed \$2,462,783 to the Plan for employees. Plan assets are held by an independent Trustee and are participant directed.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Note 9: Claims Payable

Effective July 1, 2021, DSST established a self-funded medical insurance program for employees who choose to participate. DSST utilizes a third-party provider to administer the plan. Excess insurance coverage is maintained to limit the loss of any individual claim. These payables are included with accrued liabilities in the financial statements. Changes to the balance of unpaid claims, related to medical insurance during the past year are as follows:

Unpaid Claims July 1, 2022	\$ 1,016,842
Incurred Claims	9,517,351
Claim Payments	 (9,080,632)
Unpaid Claims June 30, 2023	\$ 1,453,561

Note 10: Commitments and Contingencies

Pension certificates of participation – Denver Public Schools issued Taxable Pension Certificates of Participation (the PCOPs) in order to fully fund, over time, the unfunded actuarial accrued liability of its pension plan. None of the employees of DSST Public Schools participate in the Denver Public Schools pension plan. As part of the DPS charter agreements with each school except Montview, DSST Public Schools has agreed to pay fees to Denver Public Schools. The payment is calculated based upon a percentage of covered salary. DSST satisfies substantially all of this obligation through the use of prepaid PCOPs credits totaling \$13,018,140 resulting from a land and building sale, related to Montview, from DSST to DPS on June 28, 2013. Approximately \$10,982,000 of the credits have been utilized to pay outstanding PCOPs liabilities through the year ended June 30, 2023. The remaining credits are expected to be utilized over the next 16 years in accordance with an agreed-upon schedule. The PCOP credit balance as of June 30, 2023 is \$1,208,446. Any expense in excess of available credits is paid in cash. DSST Public Schools expensed \$3,047,523 during the year ended June 30, 2023, which represents approximately 8.20 percent of covered salaries, for its obligation relating to the PCOPs.

Claims and judgments – DSST participates in a number of federal and state programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, DSST may be required to reimburse the grantor government. As of June 30, 2023, significant amounts of grant expenditures have not been audited, but DSST believes that disallowed expenditures, if any, based on subsequent audits will not have a material effect on the overall financial position of DSST.

TABOR Amendment – Colorado voters approved an amendment to the State Constitution, Article X, Section 20 (commonly known as "TABOR"), which limits state and local government taxing authority and imposes spending limitations. Fiscal year 1993 provides the basis for limits in future years to which may be applied allowable increases for inflation and student enrollment. Revenue received in excess of the limitations may be required to be refunded. DSST believes it has complied with the Amendment. As required by the Amendment, DSST has established a reserve for emergencies, representing 3 percent of 2023 budgeted expenditures.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2023

Facility use fees – DSST annually enters into a facility use agreement with Denver Public Schools and Aurora Public Schools. The Facility use fee is based on a per-student use fee schedule and anticipated costs of operating the facility. Facility use fees for the year ended June 30, 2023 were \$4,884,211 for DPS and \$715,895 for APS. There are no future minimum commitments under this arrangement.

Note 11: Implementation of New Accounting Standard

Effective July 1, 2022, DSST implemented GASB 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* (Statement No. 96). Statement No. 96 requires governments to report a subscription IT asset and subscription liability and to disclose essential information about the arrangements. There is no effect on fund balance or net position as a result of the implementation of this standard. Refer to Note 5 for information on subscription IT assets and Notes 6 and 7 for information on subscription liabilities.

Note 12: Memorandum of Understanding

On May 19, 2022, DSST entered into a memorandum of understanding (MOU) with Aurora Public Schools regarding the construction of a certain district school facility to be utilized by DSST. APS anticipates that the construction project will require additional funding and DSST has agreed to contribute \$2,200,000 to assist in the completion of the project. The payment to APS was made in July 2023, and the amount owed was recorded as a payable in the financial statements. The MOU contains contingency language requiring a prorated return of funds should the DSST charter be revoked at any time over the next 20 years.

Required Supplementary Information

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)			
Revenues							
Local sources							
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 8,841,317	\$	8,841,317	
Investment income		90,184	90,184	822,483		732,299	
Mill levy		17,875,540	17,875,540	19,478,479		1,602,939	
Miscellaneous		-	-	-		-	
Supporting services		26,575,152	26,575,152	32,895,194		6,320,042	
State sources							
Per pupil revenue		69,811,263	69,811,263	70,987,301		1,176,038	
Supporting services		1,418,970	1,418,970	1,966,857		547,887	
Federal sources							
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		10,762,243	10,762,243	11,062,031		299,788	
Direct federal start-up grant		-	-	-		-	
Total revenues		126,533,352	126,533,352	146,053,662		19,520,310	
Expenditures							
Instructional							
Regular education		68,488,379	68,488,379	69,476,205		(987,826)	
Supporting services							
Pupil supporting services		498,302	498,302	9,127,887		(8,629,585)	
Instructional support		2,838,120	2,838,120	6,010,517		(3,172,397)	
General administration		18,525	18,525	632,169		(613,644)	
School administration		30,250,366	30,250,366	22,341,940		7,908,426	
Business services		19,445,249	19,445,249	14,779,261		4,665,988	
Operations and maintenance		8,466,481	8,466,481	9,946,854		(1,480,373)	
Pupil transportation		865,929	865,929	1,409,229		(543,300)	
Central services		2,809,487	2,809,487	2,540,862		268,625	
Property		-	-	5,977,997		(5,977,997)	
Other support services		2,598,105	2,598,105	5,531,168		(2,933,063)	
Total expenditures	_	136,278,943	136,278,943	147,774,089		(11,495,146)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		(9,745,591)	 (9,745,591)	 (1,720,427)		8,025,164	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-	-	7,613,500		7,613,500	
Transfers out		-	-	(7,613,500)		(7,613,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-	-	 -		-	
Net change in fund balances		(9,745,591)	(9,745,591)	(1,720,427)		8,025,164	
Fund balances, beginning of year		51,973,996	 51,973,996	 51,915,164		(58,832)	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	42,228,405	\$ 42,228,405	\$ 50,194,737	\$	7,966,332	

DSST Public Schools Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022
DSST-APS's proportion of net pension liability/(asset)	0.00213%	0.02449%	0.02449%	0.03464%	0.04154%
DSST-APS's proportionate of net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 377,321	\$ 1,592,427	\$ 3,703,035	\$ 4,030,769	\$ 7,563,531
DSST-APS's covered payroll	\$ 48,775	\$ 625,537	\$ 1,305,032	\$ 2,164,672	\$ 3,197,141
DSST-APS's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	773.6%	254.6%	283.8%	186.2%	237.6%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability/(asset)	57.0%	64.5%	67.0%	74.9%	61.8%

(1) DSST-APS entered the plan in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to that is not available.

(2) The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the plan.

DSST Public Schools Schedule of Contributions – Pension

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2019		2020		2021		2022		2023	
Contractually required contributions	\$	22,410	\$	120,124	\$	339,607	\$	521,676	\$	786,611
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		22,410		120,124		339,607		521,676		786,611
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-
DSST-APS's covered payroll	\$	625,537	\$	1,014,206	\$	1,708,297	\$	2,629,875	\$	3,859,712
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		3.6%		11.8%		19.9%		19.8%		20.4%

(1) DSST-APS entered the plan in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to that is not available.

DSST Public Schools Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net OPEB Liability Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2019	2020	2021	2022	
DSST-APS's proportion of net OPEB liability/(asset)	0.00691%	0.01411%	0.02262%		0.03151%
DSST-APS's proportionate of net OPEB liability/(asset)	\$ 77,638	\$ 134,099	\$ 195,010	\$	257,242
DSST-APS/s covered payroll	\$ 625,537	\$ 1,305,032	\$ 2,164,672	\$	3,197,141
DSST-APS/s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	12.4%	10.3%	9.0%		8.0%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability/(asset)	64.5%	32.8%	39.4%		38.6%

(1) DSST-APS entered the plan in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to that is not available.

(2) The amounts presented for each year were determined as of December 31, the measurement date used by the plan.

DSST Public Schools Schedule of Contributions – OPEB Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2020	2021	2022	2023		
Contractually required contributions	\$ 6,335	\$ 17,425	\$ 26,766	\$	39,369	
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	 6,335	 17,425	 26,766		39,369	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ _	\$ 	\$	_	
DSST-APS's covered payroll	\$ 1,014,206	\$ 1,708,297	\$ 2,629,875	\$	3,859,712	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	0.6%	1.0%	1.0%		102.0%	

(1) DSST-APS entered the plan in fiscal year 2019. Information prior to that is not available.

DSST Public Schools Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended June 30, 2023

Note 1: Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

A budget is adopted for the General Fund on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles. The General Fund budget to actual statement eliminates internal activity between the home office and individual schools with the exception of charges for supporting services.

School management submits to the Board of Directors a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget is adopted by the Board of Directors prior to June 30. Expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations at the fund level. Revisions must be approved by the Board of Directors. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. All appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Note 2: Pension and OPEB Related Disclosures

GASB 68 and GASB 75 require disclosure of DSST – APS's proportionate share of the net pension liability at the measurement date and contributions to the pension plan for the previous 10-year period. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, DSST is presenting information for those years for which information is available.

Note 3: Significant Changes Affecting Trends in Actuarial Information

2022 Changes in Plan Provisions and Assumptions or Other Inputs Since 2021

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

- House Bill (HB) 22-1029, effective upon enactment in 2022, required the State Treasurer to issue, in addition to the regularly scheduled \$225 million (actual dollars) direct distribution, a warrant to PERA in the amount of \$380 million (actual dollars) with reductions to future direct distributions. The July 1, 2023, direct distribution will be reduced by \$190 million (actual dollars) to \$35 million (actual dollars). The July 1, 2024, direct distribution will not be reduced from \$225 million (actual dollars) due to a negative investment return in 2022.
- There were no changes made to the actuarial methods or assumptions.

Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

- There were no changes in plan provisions.
- The timing of the retirement decrement was adjusted to middle-of-year.

Audited Supplementary Information

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Denver Public Schools	Aurora Public Schools	Governmental Activities
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 22,886,224	\$ 2,993,853	\$ 25,880,077
Cash held by fiscal agent	997,171	-	997,171
Restricted permanent endowment	201,201	19,033	220,234
Accounts receivable, net	801,506	41,021	842,527
Receivable from Foundation	29,350,631	2,129,703	31,480,334
PCOPS credits	1,208,446	-	1,208,446
Promises to give, net	521,652	49,348	571,000
Prepaid expenses	209,156	40,661	249,817
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	35,099,771	74,662	35,174,433
Subscription IT assets	1,019,781	95,950	1,115,731
Total assets	92,295,539	5,444,231	97,739,770
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred outflows - pension	-	3,581,828	3,581,828
Deferred outflows - OPEB		260,141	260,141
Total deferred outflows of resources		3,841,969	3,841,969
Total assets	92,295,539	9,286,200	101,581,739
Current Liabilities			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	2,378,530	2,262,536	4,641,066
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,865,953	176,850	6,042,803
Current portion of long-term debt	365,000		365,000
Current portion of subscription liabilities	247,625	23,299	270,924
Long-term Liabilities			
Noncurrent portion of long-term debt	18,926,290	-	18,926,290
Noncurrent portion of subscription liabilities	633,794	59,635	693,429
Net pension liability	-	7,563,531	7,563,531
Net OPEB liability		257,242	257,242
Total liabilities	28,417,192	10,343,093	38,760,285
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows - pension	-	-	-
Deferred inflows - OPEB	<u> </u>	90,602	90,602
Total deferred inflows of resources		90,602	90,602
Net Position			
Net invested in capital assets Restricted for	17,050,086	87,678	17,137,764
Emergencies	3,190,793	357,007	3,547,800
Donations with a specific purpose	1,378,920	134,239	1,513,159
Unrestricted	42,258,548	(1,726,419)	40,532,129
Total net position	\$ 63,878,347	\$ (1,147,495)	\$ 62,730,852

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2023

				Program Revenues						Net (Expense) Change in N				
Functions/Programs		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Denver Public Schools		Aurora Public Schools		otal Charter Schools
Charter Schools Denver Public Schools Aurora Public Schools	\$	101,684,639 14,624,627	\$	852,322 38,333	\$	14,393,253 1,489,842	\$	-	\$	(86,439,064)	\$	(13,096,452)	\$	(86,439,064) (13,096,452)
Total Charter Schools	\$	116,309,266	\$	890,655	\$	15,883,095	\$	_	\$	(86,439,064)	\$	(13,096,452)	\$	(99,535,516)
	Per pu Mill le Genera Interes Transf	Revenues pil revenue evy override al purpose grants et ers in (out) general revenues and t	ransfers						\$	64,640,649 17,834,131 10,406,402 781,244 (2,513,500) 91,148,926	\$	6,346,652 1,644,348 655,629 41,239 2,513,500 11,201,368	\$	70,987,301 19,478,479 11,062,031 822,483
	Change	in Net Position								4,709,862		(1,895,084)		2,814,778
	Net Posi	tion, Beginning of Y	ear							59,168,485		747,589		59,916,074
	Net Posi	ition, End of Year							\$	63,878,347	\$	(1,147,495)	\$	62,730,852

DSST Public Schools

Combining General Fund Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

	Total DPS	Total APS	Total General Fund		
Assets					
Cash and equivalents	\$ 22,886,224	\$ 2,993,853	\$	25,880,077	
Cash held by fiscal agent	997,171	-		997,171	
Restricted permanent endowment	201,201	19,033		220,234	
Accounts receivable	1,323,158	90,369		1,413,527	
Receivable from Foundation	29,350,631	2,129,703		31,480,334	
PCOPS credits	1,208,446	-		1,208,446	
Prepaid expenses	 209,156	 40,661		249,817	
Total assets	\$ 56,175,987	\$ 5,273,619	\$	61,449,606	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows, and Fund Balance					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 2,378,530	\$ 2,262,536	\$	4,641,066	
Accrued salaries and benefits	5,865,953	176,850		6,042,803	
Total liabilities	 8,244,483	 2,439,386		10,683,869	
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue - grants	521,652	49,348		571,000	
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	 8,766,135	2,488,734		11,254,869	
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable	1,403,763	39,352		1,443,115	
Restricted	4,569,713	491,246		5,060,959	
Restricted for debt service	965,916	-		965,916	
Restricted for capital projects	-	-		-	
Assigned	26,610,642	1,449,608		28,060,250	
Unassigned	13,859,818	804,679		14,664,497	
Total fund balance	 47,409,852	 2,784,885		50,194,737	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 56,175,987	\$ 5,273,619	\$	61,449,606	

DSST Public Schools Combining General Fund Balance Sheet – Reconciliation Year Ended June 30, 2023

	DPS	APS	Total
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Total fund balance of the governmental fund	\$ 47,409,852	\$ 2,784,885	\$ 50,194,737
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	35,099,771	74,662	35,174,433
Subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	1,019,781	95,950	1,115,731
Other receivables are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the fund	521,652	49,348	571,000
Long-term debt is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the fund	(19,291,290)	-	(19,291,290)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	-	(90,602)	(90,602)
Deferred outflows of resources are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund	-	3,841,969	3,841,969
The net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental fund	-	(7,563,531)	(7,563,531)
The net OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, is not reported in the governmental fund	-	(257,242)	(257,242)
Long-term subscription liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental fund	(881,419)	(82,934)	(964,353)
Total net position of governmental activities	\$ 63,878,347	\$ (1,147,495)	\$ 62,730,852

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in General Fund Balance

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Total DPS	Total APS	Total General Fund		
Revenues					
Local sources					
Contributions and grants	\$ 8,409,709	\$ 431,608	\$	8,841,317	
Investment income	781,244	41,239		822,483	
Mill levy	17,834,131	1,644,348		19,478,479	
Supporting services	4,740,647	582,664		5,323,311	
States sources					
Per pupil revenue	64,640,649	6,346,652		70,987,301	
Supporting services	1,573,535	393,322		1,966,857	
Federal sources					
Title fund from School District	10,406,402	655,629		11,062,031	
Direct federal start-up grant	 -	 -			
Total revenues	 108,386,317	 10,095,462		118,481,779	
Expenditures					
Instructional					
Regular education	54,693,823	4,702,306		59,396,129	
Supporting services					
Pupil supporting services	7,788,570	1,339,317		9,127,887	
Instructional support	5,682,236	328,281		6,010,517	
General administration	545,266	86,903		632,169	
School administration	19,973,465	2,368,475		22,341,940	
Business services	1,476,396	61,058		1,537,454	
Operations and maintenance	6,870,062	3,076,792		9,946,854	
Pupil transportation	1,408,682	547		1,409,229	
Central services	2,305,455	235,407		2,540,862	
Property	5,830,296	147,701		5,977,997	
Other support services	 1,193,611	 87,557		1,281,168	
Total expenditures	 107,767,862	 12,434,344		120,202,206	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	 618,455	 (2,338,882)		(1,720,427)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	5,100,000	2,513,500		7,613,500	
Transfers out	 (7,613,500)	 -		(7,613,500)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (2,513,500)	 2,513,500			
Net change in fund balance	(1,895,045)	174,618		(1,720,427)	
Fund balance, beginning of year	 49,304,897	 2,610,267		51,915,164	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 47,409,852	\$ 2,784,885	\$	50,194,737	

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in General Fund Balance – Reconciliation Year Ended June 30, 2023

	DPS	APS	Total
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ (1,895,045)	\$ 174,618	\$ (1,720,427)
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in the governmental fund as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the statement of net position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the statement of activities. This is total capital outlay (\$6,818,533 - DPS; \$46,197 - APS) less depreciation expense (\$1,078,019 - DPS; \$36,330 - APS) for the vore	5.740.514	9.867	5,750,381
the year.	5,740,514	9,007	3,730,381
Subscription IT asset amortization expense not included in the fund	(251,899)	(23,701)	(275,600)
Repayment of subscription liabilities which were capitalized	390,230	36,718	426,948
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to the governmental funds. However, issuing debt increases long-term liabilities on the statement of net position. Additionally, governmental funds report the effects of premiums as expenditures in the period when the debt is created. However, these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Principal payments	100,000	-	100,000 104,378
Amortization of premium	104,378	-	104,378
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	521,684	49,346	571,030
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds			
Pension expense	-	(2,119,437)	(2,119,437)
OPEB expense		(22,495)	(22,495)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 4,709,862	\$ (1,895,084)	\$ 2,814,778

Other Supplementary Information

DSST Public Schools

Combining DPS Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

	Home Office	Montview Middle School	Montview High School		
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ (18,590,714)	\$ 3,999,361	\$ 3,800,205		
Cash held by fiscal agent	835,493	-	-		
Restricted permanent endowment	201,201	-	-		
Accounts receivable	612,333	10,582	29,414		
Receivable from Foundation	26,610,479	411,859	303,629		
PCOPs credits	1,208,446	-	-		
Prepaid expenses	203,797				
Total assets	11,081,035	4,421,802	4,133,248		
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance					
Accounts payable	1,182,276	64,459	100,001		
Accrued salaries and benefits	1,885,529	126,582	195,900		
Total liabilities	3,067,805	191,041	295,901		
Deferred inflows of resources					
Unavailable revenue - grants	521,652	-	-		
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	3,589,457	191,041	295,901		
Fund balance					
Nonspendable	1,398,404	-	-		
Restricted	1,000,009	265,652	298,941		
Restricted for debt service	965,916	-	-		
Restricted for capital projects	-	-	-		
Assigned	2,412,397	2,710,458	2,373,761		
Unassigned	1,714,852	1,254,651	1,164,645		
Total fund balance	7,491,578	4,230,761	3,837,347		
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$ 11,081,035	\$ 4,421,802	\$ 4,133,248		

DSST Public Schools

Combining DPS Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2023

Green Valley Green Valley Ranch Ranch Middle School High School		Ranch C		Cole Idle School	Hi	Cole gh School	llege View Idle School	llege View gh School	
\$	4,228,793	\$	3,913,077	\$	2,199,714	\$	1,932,058	\$ 3,402,679	\$ 3,555,651
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	13,525		9,671		8,269		6,377	18,010	45,095
	170,594		231,934		402,490		192,888	110,093	207,222
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	5,359		-		-		-	 -	 -
	4,418,271		4,154,682		2,610,473		2,131,323	 3,530,782	 3,807,968
	37,161		122,486		45,188		67,461	60,849	51,531
	328,954		330,765		228,529		278,917	298,850	392,413
	366,115		453,251		273,717		346,378	 359,699	 443,944
	366,115		453,251		-		-	 359,699	 443,944
	300,113		433,231		273,717		346,378	 339,099	 443,944
	5,359		-		-		-	-	-
	269,746		299,703		151,991		186,496	263,178	308,091
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	-		-		-		-	-	-
	2,585,862		2,242,823		1,505,780		1,108,454	1,921,514	2,046,469
	1,191,189 4,052,156		1,158,905 3,701,431		<u>678,985</u> 2,336,756		489,995 1,784,945	 <u>986,391</u> 3,171,083	 1,009,464 3,364,024
	т,032,130		3,701,431		2,330,730		1,/04,745	 3,171,005	 5,504,024
\$	4,418,271	\$	4,154,682	\$	2,610,473	\$	2,131,323	\$ 3,530,782	\$ 3,807,968

DSST Public Schools

Combining DPS Balance Sheet (continued) June 30, 2023

Byers Byers Middle School High School		Conservatory Green Middle School		Conservatory Green High School		Noel Middle School		Elevate gh School	Total DPS	
\$ 3,708,0	029	\$ 2,016,310	\$	3,396,590	\$	2,359,002	\$	2,616,704	\$ 348,765	\$ 22,886,224
	-	-		-		-		-	161,678	997,171
	-	-		-		-		-	-	201,201
6,9	938	16,120		10,862		8,341		12,648	514,973	1,323,158
171,2	294	232,970		201,115		30,942		63,122	10,000	29,350,631
	-	-		-		-		-	-	1,208,446
	-	 -		-		-		-	 -	 209,156
3,886,2	261	 2,265,400		3,608,567		2,398,285		2,692,474	 1,035,416	 56,175,987
35,7	793	303,991		33,985		83,104		52,117	138,128	2,378,530
254,0		378,568		304,348		419,147		236,990	206,417	5,865,953
289,	837	 682,559		338,333		502,251		289,107	 344,545	 8,244,483
	_	<u>_</u>		_		_		_	_	521,652
289,	837	 682,559		338,333		502,251		289,107	 344,545	 8,766,135
										1 402 7(2
247	-	-		-		-		-	-	1,403,763
247,:	589	281,661		246,658		309,534		216,126	224,338	4,569,713
	-	-		-		-		-	-	965,916
2,311,0	-	- 909,355		- 1,972,195		- 1,015,150		1,329,632	- 165,781	- 26,610,642
2,311,0		909,333 391,825		1,972,193		571,350		857,609	300,752	13,859,818
3,596,4		 1,582,841		3,270,234		1,896,034		2,403,367	 690,871	 47,409,852
	T2 T	 1,302,071		3,270,234		1,070,034		2,703,307	 090,071	 +7,409,032
\$ 3,886,2	261	\$ 2,265,400	\$	3,608,567	\$	2,398,285	\$	2,692,474	\$ 1,035,416	\$ 56,175,987

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in DPS Fund Balance

Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Home Office	/lontview Idle School	/lontview gh School	een Valley Ranch Idle School
Revenues				
Local sources				
Contributions and grants	\$ 6,588,010	\$ 451,102	\$ 64,459	\$ 114,834
Investment income	781,244	-	-	-
Mill levy	-	1,172,571	1,622,828	1,210,569
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	-
Supporting services	21,150,250	374,574	631,779	431,235
State sources				
Per pupil revenue	-	4,620,314	5,643,739	4,804,810
Supporting services	-	103,597	166,111	101,765
Federal sources				
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools	-	693,454	838,458	811,947
Direct federal start-up grant	 -	 -	 -	 -
Total revenues	 28,519,504	 7,415,612	 8,967,374	 7,475,160
Expenditures				
Instructional				
Regular education	5,160,689	4,356,082	5,543,117	4,292,677
Special education	-	-	-	-
Supporting services				
Pupil supporting services	498,653	419,757	575,332	388,466
Instructional support	2,553,155	131,657	216,295	349,642
General administration	-	64,345	-	86,533
School administration	12,459,773	674,117	591,444	552,811
Business services	1,383,292	849,838	1,069,912	887,402
Operations and maintenance	256,238	395,582	490,470	443,257
Pupil transportation	-	119,984	50,953	93,273
Central services	-	165,438	202,083	170,774
Property	5,765,212	9,775	-	-
Other support services	 2,483,451	 20,095	 14,713	 14,251
Total expenditures	 30,560,463	 7,206,670	 8,754,319	7,279,086
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	 (2,040,959)	 208,942	 213,055	 196,074
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	5,100,000	-	-	-
Transfers out	(7,613,500)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources	 (2,513,500)	 -	 -	-
Net change in fund balances	(4,554,459)	208,942	213,055	196,074
Fund balances, beginning of year	 12,046,037	 4,021,819	 3,624,292	 3,856,082
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 7,491,578	\$ 4,230,761	\$ 3,837,347	\$ 4,052,156

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in DPS Fund Balance (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

Green Valley Ranch High School		Cole Middle School				llege View Idle School	llege View gh School	Mic	Byers Idle School	Byers High School	
\$	118,380	\$	107,225	\$	50,252	\$ 158,775	\$ 117,003	\$	92,682	\$	95,594
	1,651,086		790,717		959,339	1,275,993	1,718,190		1,076,008		1,473,245
	440,954		293,597		382,057	180,280	214,627		466,256		530,925
	5,646,278 142,511		2,804,475 107,845		3,090,036 75,586	4,683,569 108,104	5,616,767 159,229		4,546,476 105,450		5,343,065 132,810
1,008,951			,	671,827		953,127	1,046,464		413,262		378,341
	-				700,290	-	-				
	9,008,160		4,775,686		5,257,560	 7,359,848	 8,872,280		6,700,134		7,953,980
	5,252,581		2,395,001		3,031,560	4,210,640	5,215,749		4,258,286		4,591,062
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	596,591		539,708		507,006	519,718	686,610		431,868		558,057
	344,881		17,050		222,353	142,197	364,076		128,531		456,570
	-		72,715		,	-	89,295				75,679
	484,056		699,493		306,102	675,607	539,379		295,288		545,864
	1,067,222		540,035		623,318	906,990	1,093,548		854,923		1,000,433
	541,773		232,541		261,925	400,280	473,569		398,036		473,569
	216,580		73,160		96,690	105,565	7,397		15,593		21,895
	200,838		97,484		108,513	162,591	197,102		166,861		197,458
	-		-		43,237	-	7,952		-		-
	10,311		21,909		-	 9,638	 8,471		13,778		617
	8,714,833		4,689,096		5,200,704	 7,133,226	 8,683,148		6,563,164		7,921,204
	293,327		86,590		56,856	 226,622	 189,132		136,970		32,776
	-		-		-	-	-		-		-
	-		-		-	 -	 -		-		-
	293,327		86,590		56,856	226,622	189,132		136,970		32,776
	3,408,104		2,250,166		1,728,089	 2,944,461	 3,174,892		3,459,454		1,550,065
\$	3,701,431	\$	2,336,756	\$	1,784,945	\$ 3,171,083	\$ 3,364,024	\$	3,596,424	\$	1,582,841

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in DPS Fund Balance (continued) Year Ended June 30, 2023

nservatory Green Idle School	Conservatory Green High School		Noel Middle School		Elevate High School		Eliminations		Total DPS
\$ 152,779	\$	170,458	\$	77,819	\$	50,337	\$	-	\$ 8,409,709
1,198,511		- 1,618,897		1,147,968		- 918,209		-	781,244 17,834,131
601,141		648,364		107,818		1,628,027	(23)	,341,237)	4,740,647
4,728,283		5,617,438		4,431,594		3,063,805		-	64,640,649
93,444		116,843		100,821		59,419		-	1,573,535
723,071		778,481		785,544		603,185		-	10,406,402
 7,497,229		8,950,481		6,651,564		6,322,982	(23	,341,237)	 108,386,317
4,416,316		5,271,886		4,043,060		2,388,720	(9	,733,603)	54,693,823
510,600		699,757		479,080		377,367		-	7,788,570
148,864		242,664 80,476		208,128		156,173 76,223		-	5,682,236 545,266
503,632		643,289		450,064		552,546		-	19,973,465
860,718		1,059,656		828,773		557,970	(12	,107,634)	1,476,396
412,506		535,908		13,903		1,540,505	(-	6,870,062
184,973		66,184		152,806		203,629		-	1,408,682
168,284		202,973		156,543		108,513		-	2,305,455
1,905		-		-		2,215		-	5,830,296
 14,090		13,332		473		68,482		,500,000)	1,193,611
 7,221,888		8,816,125		6,332,830		6,032,343	(23	,341,237)	 107,767,862
 275,341		134,356		318,734		290,639			 618,455
_		-		_		<u>-</u>		_	5,100,000
-		-		-		-		-	(7,613,500)
 -		-		-		-		-	 (2,513,500)
275,341		134,356		318,734		290,639			(1,895,045)
 2,994,893		1,761,678		2,084,633		400,232			 49,304,897
\$ 3,270,234	\$	1,896,034	\$	2,403,367	\$	690,871	\$	_	\$ 47,409,852

DSST Public Schools Combining APS Balance Sheet

June 30, 2023

		Home Office	Mid	AST Idle School	Hi	AST gh School	Total APS
Assets							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	(1,420,851)	\$	2,008,480	\$	2,406,224	\$ 2,993,853
Restricted permanent endowment		19,033		-		-	19,033
Accounts receivable		50,210		19,666		20,493	90,369
Receivable from Foundation		2,018,415		111,288		-	2,129,703
PCOPs credits		-		-		-	-
Prepaid expenses		19,279		-		21,382	 40,661
Total assets		686,086		2,139,434		2,448,099	 5,273,619
Liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance							
Accounts payable		25,655		28,197		2,208,684	2,262,536
Accrued salaries and benefits		176,876		944		(970)	176,850
Total liabilities		202,531		29,141		2,207,714	 2,439,386
Deferred inflows of resources							
Unavailable revenue - grants		49,348		-		-	49,348
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	_	251,879		29,141		2,207,714	 2,488,734
Fund Balance							
Nonspendable		17,970		-		21,382	39,352
Restricted		94,599		262,775		133,872	491,246
Assigned		228,210		1,221,398		-	1,449,608
Unassigned		93,428		626,120		85,131	804,679
Total fund balance		434,207		2,110,293		240,385	 2,784,885
Total liabilities, deferred inflows, and fund balance	\$	686,086	\$	2,139,434	\$	2,448,099	\$ 5,273,619

DSST Public Schools

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in APS Fund Balance

Y	ear	End	ed	June	30,	2023
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	Home Office	Mid	AST Idle School	Hi	AST gh School	Eliminatio	ns	Total APS
Revenues								
Local sources								
Contributions and grants	\$ 33,407	\$	284,521	\$	113,680	\$	-	\$ 431,608
Investment income	41,239		-		-		-	41,239
Mill levy	-		1,213,406		430,942		-	1,644,348
Miscellaneous	-		-		-		-	-
Supporting services	2,015,553		23,651		2,774,106	(4,230,6	646)	582,664
State sources								
Per pupil revenue	-		4,683,335		1,663,317		-	6,346,652
Supporting services	-		274,404		118,918		-	393,322
Federal sources								
Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools	-		360,914		294,715		-	655,629
Direct federal start-up grant	 -		-		-		-	 -
Total revenues	 2,090,199		6,840,231		5,395,678	(4,230,6	546)	 10,095,462
Expenditures								
Instructional								
Regular education	478,126		3,229,873		1,340,780	(346,4	473)	4,702,306
Special education	-		-		-		-	-
Supporting services								
Pupil supporting services	128,409		882,883		328,025		-	1,339,317
Instructional support	125,250		61,128		141,903		-	328,281
General administration	-		86,903		-		-	86,903
School administration	1,226,787		766,358		375,330		-	2,368,475
Business services	46,047		836,041		313,143	(1,134,1	173)	61,058
Operations and maintenance	25,497		569,071		2,482,224		-	3,076,792
Pupil transportation	-		311		236		-	547
Central services	-		173,619		61,788		-	235,407
Property	-		-		147,701		-	147,701
Other support services	 2,750,334		64,228		22,995	(2,750,0		 87,557
Total expenditures	 4,780,450		6,670,415		5,214,125	(4,230,6	646)	 12,434,344
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over (under) expenditures	 (2,690,251)		169,816		181,553		-	 (2,338,882)
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in	2,513,500		-		-		-	2,513,500
Transfers out	 -		-		-		-	-
Total other financing sources	 2,513,500		-		-		-	 2,513,500
Net change in fund balances	(176,751)		169,816		181,553			174,618
Fund balances, beginning of year	 610,958		1,940,477		58,832		-	 2,610,267
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 434,207	\$	2,110,293	\$	240,385	\$	-	\$ 2,784,885

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Home Office (combined) Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual		Variance ive (Negative)
Revenues						
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	6,621,417	\$	6,621,417
Investment income		90,184		822,483		732,299
Mill levy		-		-		-
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		16,944,379		23,165,803		6,221,424
State sources						
Per pupil revenue		-		-		-
Supporting services		-		-		-
Federal sources						
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		_		_		_
Direct federal start-up grant		_		_		_
Total revenues		17,034,563		30,609,703		13,575,140
		17,051,505		50,009,705		15,575,110
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		6,280,085		5,638,815		641,270
Supporting services						
Pupil supporting services		150,000		627,062		(477,062)
Instructional support		2,000,000		2,678,405		(678,405)
General administration		-		-		_
School administration		15,095,831		13,686,560		1,409,271
Business services		2,000,000		1,429,339		570,661
Operations and maintenance				281,735		(281,735)
Pupil transportation		_				(201,755)
Central services		_		_		_
Property		_		5,765,212		(5,765,212)
Other support services		2,507,741		5,233,785		(2,726,044)
Total expenditures		28,033,657		35,340,913		(7,307,256)
Total experiences		20,055,057		55,540,715		(7,507,250)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(10,999,094)		(4,731,210)		6,267,884
						, , <u>,</u>
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		7,613,500		7,613,500
Transfers out		-		(7,613,500)		(7,613,500)
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		<u> </u>
6 ()						
Net change in fund balances		(10,999,094)		(4,731,210)		6,267,884
Fund balances, beginning of year		12,715,827		12,715,827		-
	¢	1 517 500	¢		¢	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,716,733	\$	7,984,617	\$	6,267,884

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Montview Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	/ariance ve (Negative)
Revenues			<u>_</u>
Local sources			
Contributions and grants	\$ -	\$ 451,102	\$ 451,102
Investment income	-	-	-
Mill levy	1,038,631	1,172,571	133,940
Miscellaneous	-	-	-
Supporting services	427,826	374,574	(53,252)
State sources	,		
Per pupil revenue	4,463,500	4,620,314	156,814
Supporting services	84,392	103,597	19,205
Federal sources	-)		-)
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools	683,686	693,454	9,768
Direct federal start-up grant	-		-
Total revenues	 6,698,035	 7,415,612	 717,577
	 0,0000	 ,,,	
Expenditures			
Instructional			
Regular education	3,651,910	4,356,082	(704,172)
Supporting services	-,	.,	(,,,,,,,))
Pupil supporting services	18,743	419,757	(401,014)
Instructional support	29,700	131,657	(101,957)
General administration	1,410	64,345	(62,935)
School administration	909,691	674,117	235,574
Business services	1,269,463	849,838	419,625
Operations and maintenance	411,258	395,582	15,676
Pupil transportation	94,314	119,984	(25,670)
Central services	180,408	165,438	(23,070) 14,970
Property	100,400	9,775	(9,775)
Other support services	3,872	20,095	
	 6,570,769	 7,206,670	 (16,223)
Total expenditures	 0,370,709	 7,200,070	 (635,901)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures	127,266	208,942	81,676
over (under) expenditures	 127,200	 208,942	 81,070
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in			
Transfers out	-	-	-
	 	 -	
Total other financing sources (uses)	 	 	
Net change in fund balances	127,266	208,942	81,676
	127,200	200,912	01,070
Fund balances, beginning of year	4,021,819	4,021,819	-
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 4,149,085	\$ 4,230,761	\$ 81,676

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Montview High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance ve (Negative)
Revenues						
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	64,459	\$	64,459
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,485,645		1,622,828		137,183
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		623,527		631,779		8,252
State sources						
Per pupil revenue		5,579,375		5,643,739		64,364
Supporting services		107,985		166,111		58,126
Federal sources))		
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		857,914		838,458		(19,456)
Direct federal start-up grant				-		-
Total revenues		8,654,446		8,967,374		312,928
		0,00 1,110		0,507,577		512,920
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		5,141,213		5,543,117		(401,904)
Supporting services		5,141,215		5,545,117		(401,904)
Pupil supporting services		30,743		575,332		(544,589)
Instructional support		27,800		216,295		(188,495)
General administration		1,698		210,295		(188,495)
School administration		-		- 591,444		
		1,234,400				642,956 204,655
Business services		1,364,567		1,069,912		294,655
Operations and maintenance		511,480		490,470		21,010
Pupil transportation		20,539		50,953		(30,414)
Central services		219,327		202,083		17,244
Property		-		-		-
Other support services		20,515		14,713		5,802
Total expenditures		8,572,282		8,754,319		(182,037)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		00164		010.055		100 001
over (under) expenditures		82,164		213,055		130,891
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		_		_		_
Transfers out		-		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances		82,164		213,055		130,891
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,624,292		3,624,292		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,706,456	\$	3,837,347	\$	130,891
Tund outditeds, ond of your	Ψ	5,700,450	Ψ	5,057,547	Ψ	150,071

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Green Valley Ranch Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final		Variance		
		Budget		Actual	Positiv	e (Negative)
Revenues						
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	114,834	\$	114,834
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,117,812		1,210,569		92,757
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		685,628		431,235		(254,393)
State sources						
Per pupil revenue		4,757,121		4,804,810		47,689
Supporting services		89,161		101,765		12,604
Federal sources						-
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		804,226		811,947		7,721
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-		-
Total revenues		7,453,948		7,475,160		21,212
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		4,143,596		4,292,677		(149,081)
Supporting services		4,143,390		4,292,077		(149,001)
Pupil supporting services		18,743		388,466		(260, 722)
		27,000				(369,723)
Instructional support General administration				349,642		(322,642)
		1,428		86,533		(85,105)
School administration		993,487		552,811		440,676
Business services		1,367,338		887,402		479,936
Operations and maintenance		467,340		443,257		24,083
Pupil transportation		99,886		93,273		6,613
Central services		184,178		170,774		13,404
Property		-		-		-
Other support services		4,108		14,251		(10,143)
Total expenditures	. <u> </u>	7,307,104		7,279,086		28,018
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		146,844		196,074		49,230
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		146,844		196,074		49,230
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,856,082		3,856,082		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	4,002,926	\$	4,052,156	\$	49,230

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Green Valley Ranch High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual		/ariance ve (Negative)
Revenues		-				
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	118,380	\$	118,380
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,471,441		1,651,086		179,645
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		525,198		440,954		(84,244)
State sources		,				
Per pupil revenue		5,607,063		5,646,278		39,215
Supporting services		103,571		142,511		38,940
Federal sources		100,071		1,011		20,910
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		891,241		1,008,951		117,710
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-		
Total revenues		8,598,514		9,008,160		409,646
Total revenues		0,590,514		9,008,100		402,040
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		4,891,451		5,252,581		(361,130)
Supporting services						
Pupil supporting services		23,943		596,591		(572,648)
Instructional support		27,500		344,881		(317,381)
General administration		1,617		-		1,617
School administration		1,188,993		484,056		704,937
Business services		1,460,792		1,067,222		393,570
Operations and maintenance		557,974		541,773		16,201
Pupil transportation		112,055		216,580		(104,525)
Central services		214,168		200,838		13,330
Property		214,100		200,050		15,550
Other support services		4,907		10,311		(5,404)
**				8,714,833		
Total expenditures		8,483,400		0,/14,033		(231,433)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		115,114		293,327		178,213
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		,		
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Net change in fund balances		115,114		293,327		178,213
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,408,104		3,408,104		
	¢	2 502 010	¢	2 701 401	¢	170 010
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,523,218	\$	3,701,431	\$	178,213

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Cole Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget		Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		200.900					
Local sources							
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	107,225	\$	107,225	
Investment income	•	-	Ŧ	-	Ť	-	
Mill levy		697,330		790,717		93,387	
Miscellaneous		_		-		-	
Supporting services		306,362		293,597		(12,765)	
State sources))		())	
Per pupil revenue		2,654,080		2,804,475		150,395	
Supporting services		51,012		107,845		56,833	
Federal sources							
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		619,598		671,827		52,229	
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-			
Total revenues		4,328,382		4,775,686		447,304	
))		,,		.)	
Expenditures							
Instructional							
Regular education		2,519,128		2,395,001		124,127	
Supporting services		, ,		, ,		,	
Pupil supporting services		18,743		539,708		(520,965)	
Instructional support		17,500		17,050		450	
General administration		810		72,715		(71,905)	
School administration		786,699		699,493		87,206	
Business services		567,627		540,035		27,592	
Operations and maintenance		238,309		232,541		5,768	
Pupil transportation		63,125		73,160		(10,035)	
Central services		107,332		97,484		9,848	
Property				-		-	
Other support services		2,272		21,909		(19,637)	
Total expenditures		4,321,545		4,689,096		(367,551)	
1		, <u>, ,</u> _					
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		6,837		86,590		79,753	
		, , ,		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		6,837		86,590		79,753	
		0,007		00,000		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,250,166		2,250,166		-	
		_,0,100		_,0,100			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,257,003	\$	2,336,756	\$	79,753	
	*	, ,,	÷	,, •		- ,	

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Cole High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues					
Local sources					
Contributions and grants	\$ -	\$ 50,252	\$	50,252	
Investment income	-	-		-	
Mill levy	975,017	959,339		(15,678)	
Miscellaneous	-	-		-	
Supporting services	701,437	382,057		(319,380)	
State sources					
Per pupil revenue	3,430,024	3,090,036		(339,988)	
Supporting services	62,583	75,586		13,003	
Federal sources					
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools	668,645	700,290		31,645	
Direct federal start-up grant	-	-		-	
Total revenues	5,837,706	 5,257,560		(580,146)	
Expenditures					
Instructional					
Regular education	3,456,986	3,031,560		425,426	
Supporting services	-,	-,,		,	
Pupil supporting services	26,943	507,006		(480,063)	
Instructional support	23,700	222,353		(198,653)	
General administration	1,014	,		1,014	
School administration	850,404	306,102		544,302	
Business services	894,367	623,318		271,049	
Operations and maintenance	310,797	261,925		48,872	
Pupil transportation	74,675	96,690		(22,015)	
Central services	134,336	108,513		25,823	
Property		43,237		(43,237)	
Other support services	2,932			2,932	
Total expenditures	5,776,154	 5,200,704		575,450	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	61,552	56,856		(4,696)	
over (under) experiantices	 01,552	 50,850		(4,090)	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	-	-		-	
Transfers out	-	-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	-		-	
Net change in fund balances	61,552	56,856		(4,696)	
Fund balances, beginning of year	 1,728,089	 1,728,089			
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 1,789,641	\$ 1,784,945	\$	(4,696)	

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – College View Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues		Buuget		Actual	FUSILI	ve (Negative)	
Local sources							
Contributions and grants	\$	_	\$	158,775	\$	158,775	
Investment income	Ψ	_	Ψ		Ψ		
Mill levy		1,180,428		1,275,993		95,565	
Miscellaneous		-				-	
Supporting services		302,013		180,280		(121,733)	
State sources		502,015		100,200		(121,755)	
Per pupil revenue		4,607,785		4,683,569		75,784	
Supporting services		85,508		108,104		22,596	
Federal sources		05,500		100,101		22,390	
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		924,769		953,127		28,358	
Direct federal start-up grant		-				20,550	
Total revenues		7,100,503		7,359,848		259,345	
i otar revenues		7,100,505		7,557,646		237,343	
Expenditures							
Instructional							
Regular education		3,885,568		4,210,640		(325,072)	
Supporting services							
Pupil supporting services		18,743		519,718		(500,975)	
Instructional support		66,420		142,197		(75,777)	
General administration		1,455		-		1,455	
School administration		1,072,386		675,607		396,779	
Business services		1,253,123		906,990		346,133	
Operations and maintenance		413,479		400,280		13,199	
Pupil transportation		96,275		105,565		(9,290)	
Central services		186,481		162,591		23,890	
Property		-		-		-	
Other support services		3,977		9,638		(5,661)	
Total expenditures		6,997,907		7,133,226		(135,319)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		102,596		226,622		124,026	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		_		_		_	
Transfers out		_		_			
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Total other financing sources (uses)							
Net change in fund balances		102,596		226,622		124,026	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,944,461		2,944,461			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,047,057	\$	3,171,083	\$	124,026	
-				· · · · ·			

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – College View High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	117,003	\$	117,003
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,576,799		1,718,190		141,391
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		401,131		214,627		(186,504)
State sources				-		
Per pupil revenue		5,522,391		5,616,767		94,376
Supporting services		106,711		159,229		52,518
Federal sources		,		,		,
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		1,062,041		1,046,464		(15,577)
Direct federal start-up grant						-
Total revenues		8,669,073		8,872,280		203,207
		0,000,070		0,072,200		200,207
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		5,030,153		5,215,749		(185,596)
Supporting services		5,050,155		5,215,749		(105,570)
Pupil supporting services		29,743		686,610		(656,867)
Instructional support		27,500		364,076		(336,576)
General administration		1,695		89,295		(87,600)
School administration		-				
		1,210,367		539,379		670,988
Business services		1,506,849		1,093,548		413,301
Operations and maintenance		496,856		473,569		23,287
Pupil transportation		20,225		7,397		12,828
Central services		216,681		197,102		19,579
Property		-		7,952		(7,952)
Other support services		4,798		8,471		(3,673)
Total expenditures		8,544,867		8,683,148		(138,281)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		101.000		100 100		(100)
over (under) expenditures		124,206		189,132		64,926
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		124,206		189,132		64,926
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,174,892		3,174,892		
	<u>_</u>		~		.	
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,299,098	\$	3,364,024	\$	64,926

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Byers Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		<u> </u>				
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	92,682	\$	92,682
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		979,998		1,076,008		96,010
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		627,610		466,256		(161,354)
State sources		,				
Per pupil revenue		4,526,788		4,546,476		19,688
Supporting services		91,930		105,450		13,520
Federal sources		,		,		,
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		459,985		413,262		(46,723)
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-		-
Total revenues		6,686,311		6,700,134		13,823
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		3,965,040		4,258,286		(293,246)
Supporting services		5,505,610		1,200,200		(2)3,210)
Pupil supporting services		18,743		431,868		(413,125)
Instructional support		36,900		128,531		(91,631)
General administration		1,431		120,551		1,431
School administration		696,345		295,288		401,057
Business services		1,224,404		854,923		369,481
Operations and maintenance		426,501		398,036		28,465
Pupil transportation		2,835		15,593		(12,758)
Central services		183,582		166,861		16,721
		165,562		100,801		10,721
Property Other support services		14,239		12 779		-
Other support services				13,778		461
Total expenditures		6,570,020		6,563,164		6,856
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		116,291		136,970		20,679
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		_		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-
Net change in fund balances		116,291		136,970		20,679
Fund balances, beginning of year		3,459,454		3,459,454		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,575,745	\$	3,596,424	\$	20,679

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Byers High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		9				
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	95,594	\$	95,594
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,317,654		1,473,245		155,591
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		684,428		530,925		(153,503)
State sources						(
Per pupil revenue		5,261,300		5,343,065		81,765
Supporting services		112,179		132,810		20,631
Federal sources				102,010		20,001
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		457,742		378,341		(79,401)
Direct federal start-up grant		-				(75,101)
Total revenues		7,833,303		7,953,980		120,677
1 our revenues		7,055,505		7,955,960		120,077
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		4,918,783		4,591,062		327,721
Supporting services		.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		.,		027,721
Pupil supporting services		28,743		558,057		(529,314)
Instructional support		36,000		456,570		(420,570)
General administration		1,632		75,679		(74,047)
School administration		1,127,158		545,864		581,294
Business services		1,007,877		1,000,433		7,444
Operations and maintenance		497,530		473,569		23,961
Pupil transportation		2,800		21,895		(19,095)
Central services		2,800		197,458		(19,093) 14,297
		211,755		197,438		14,297
Property Other support services		10 455		617		0.838
**		10,455				9,838
Total expenditures		7,842,733		7,921,204		(78,471)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		(9,430)		32,776		42,206
over (under) expenditures		(9,430)		52,770		42,200
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		_		_		_
Transfers out		_		_		_
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Total other financing sources (uses)				-		
Net change in fund balances		(9,430)		32,776		42,206
		(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		,, , , ,		;_ • •
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,550,065		1,550,065		-
		, ,,-,-		, <u>,</u>		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,540,635	\$	1,582,841	\$	42,206
·						

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Conservatory Green Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Revenues							
Local sources							
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	152,779	\$	152,779	
Investment income		-		-		-	
Mill levy		1,021,679		1,198,511		176,832	
Miscellaneous		-		-		-	
Supporting services		630,211		601,141		(29,070)	
State sources						× · · /	
Per pupil revenue		4,409,808		4,728,283		318,475	
Supporting services		82,240		93,444		11,204	
Federal sources						2	
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		718,543		723,071		4,528	
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-		-	
Total revenues		6,862,481		7,497,229		634,748	
Expenditures							
Instructional							
Regular education		3,783,893		4,416,316		(632,423)	
Supporting services		-,,,		.,,		(****,****)	
Pupil supporting services		32,743		510,600		(477,857)	
Instructional support		148,200		148,864		(664)	
General administration		1,323		-		1,323	
School administration		936,334		503,632		432,702	
Business services		1,181,262		860,718		320,544	
Operations and maintenance		403,388		412,506		(9,118)	
Pupil transportation		92,175		184,973		(92,798)	
Central services		173,652		168,284		5,368	
Property		175,052		1,905		(1,905)	
Other support services		3,811		14,090		(1,903) (10,279)	
Total expenditures		6,756,781		7,221,888		(465,107)	
Total expenditures		0,750,781		7,221,000		(405,107)	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures		105,700		275,341		169,641	
Other financing sources (uses)							
Transfers in		-		-		-	
Transfers out		-		-		-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		-		-		-	
Net change in fund balances		105,700		275,341		169,641	
Fund balances, beginning of year		2,994,893		2,994,893			
Fund balances, end of year	\$	3,100,593	\$	3,270,234	\$	169,641	

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Conservatory Green High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues		-				
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	170,458	\$	170,458
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,448,796		1,618,897		170,101
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		680,761		648,364		(32,397)
State sources						
Per pupil revenue		5,491,360		5,617,438		126,078
Supporting services		104,710		116,843		12,133
Federal sources		,				
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools		770,803		778,481		7,678
Direct federal start-up grant		-		-		-
Total revenues		8,496,430		8,950,481		454,051
Expenditures						
Instructional		5 00 4 1 47		5 071 000		(47.720)
Regular education		5,224,147		5,271,886		(47,739)
Supporting services		10 5 10				
Pupil supporting services		42,743		699,757		(657,014)
Instructional support		27,400		242,664		(215,264)
General administration		1,632		80,476		(78,844)
School administration		1,259,726		643,289		616,437
Business services		1,135,610		1,059,656		75,954
Operations and maintenance		547,815		535,908		11,907
Pupil transportation		20,425		66,184		(45,759)
Central services		209,330		202,973		6,357
Property		-		-		-
Other support services		7,932		13,332		(5,400)
Total expenditures		8,476,760		8,816,125		(339,365)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		19,670		134,356		114,686
over (under) expenditures		19,070		134,330		114,080
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)				_		
Net change in fund balances		19,670		134,356		114,686
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,761,678		1,761,678		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	1,781,348	\$	1,896,034	\$	114,686

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Noel Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues				
Local sources				
Contributions and grants \$	-	\$ 77,819	\$ 77,819	
Investment income	-	-	-	
Mill levy	1,080,813	1,147,968	67,155	
Miscellaneous	-	-	-	
Supporting services	223,033	107,818	(115,215)	
State sources	,	,		
Per pupil revenue	4,504,500	4,431,594	(72,906)	
Supporting services	146,981	100,821	(46,160)	
Federal sources	-)) -		
Federal grants from Denver Public Schools	789,000	785,544	(3,456)	
Direct federal start-up grant	-	-	(-)) -	
Total revenues	6,744,327	6,651,564	(92,763)	
Expenditures				
Instructional				
Regular education	3,733,989	4,043,060	(309,071)	
Supporting services				
Pupil supporting services	18,743	479,080	(460,337)	
Instructional support	164,500	208,128	(43,628)	
General administration	1,380	-	1,380	
School administration	941,330	450,064	491,266	
Business services	1,425,082	828,773	596,309	
Operations and maintenance	6,000	13,903	(7,903)	
Pupil transportation	95,825	152,806	(56,981)	
Central services	170,797	156,543	14,254	
Property	-	-	-	
Other support services	3,933	473	3,460	
Total expenditures	6,561,579	6,332,830	228,749	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	182,748	318,734	135,986	
Other financing courses (uses)				
Other financing sources (uses) Transfers in				
Transfers out	-	-	-	
	-	-		
Total other financing sources (uses)		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	
Net change in fund balances	182,748	318,734	135,986	
Fund balances, beginning of year	2,084,633	2,084,633		
Fund balances, end of year	2,267,381	\$ 2,403,367	\$ 135,986	

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Elevate High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues Investment income \$ - \$ \$ 50,337 \$ Investment income - - - - - \$ \$ 1000000000000000000000000000000000000	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Contributions and grants\$-\$50,337\$Investment incomeMill levy830,141918,209MiscellaneousSupporting services2,112,7431,628,027-State sources-2,984,6183,063,805Per pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sourcesFederal grants from Denver Public Schools511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982Expenditures		
Investment incomeMill levy830,141918,209MiscellaneousSupporting services2,112,7431,628,027State sourcesPer pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sourcesFederal grants from Denver Public Schools511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982Expenditures		
Investment incomeMill levy830,141918,209MiscellaneousSupporting services2,112,7431,628,027State sourcesPer pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sourcesFederal grants from Denver Public Schools511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982Expenditures	50,337	
MiscellaneousSupporting services2,112,7431,628,027State sources2,984,6183,063,805Per pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982	-	
MiscellaneousSupporting services2,112,7431,628,027State sources2,984,6183,063,805Per pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982	88,068	
State sourcesPer pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982	-	
State sourcesPer pupil revenue2,984,6183,063,805Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982	(484,716)	
Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982		
Supporting services90,44959,419Federal sources511,275603,185Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues6,529,2266,322,982	79,187	
Federal sources Federal grants from Denver Public Schools 511,275 603,185 Direct federal start-up grant - - - Total revenues 6,529,226 6,322,982 - Expenditures - - -	(31,030)	
Direct federal start-up grant - - Total revenues 6,529,226 6,322,982		
Direct federal start-up grant - - Total revenues 6,529,226 6,322,982	91,910	
Total revenues6,529,2266,322,982Expenditures	-	
•	(206,244)	
•		
Regular education 2,649,138 2,388,720	260,418	
Supporting services	,	
Pupil supporting services 20,243 377,367	(357,124)	
Instructional support 132,500 156,173	(23,673)	
General administration - 76,223	(76,223)	
School administration 656,308 552,546	103,762	
Business services 559,632 557,970	1,662	
Operations and maintenance 2,327,676 1,540,505	787,171	
Pupil transportation 69,975 203,629	(133,654)	
Central services 52,960 108,513	(55,553)	
Property - 2,215		
	(2,215)	
	(65,869)	
Total expenditures 6,471,045 6,032,343	438,702	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures58,181290,639	232,458	
Other financing sources (uses)		
Transfers in	-	
Transfers out	-	
Total other financing sources (uses)		
Net change in fund balances58,181290,639	232,458	
Fund balances, beginning of year400,232400,232		
Fund balances, end of year \$ 458,413 \$ 690,871 \$	232,458	

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Aurora Science and Tech Middle School Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Budget			Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)	
Revenues						<u>_</u>
Local sources						
Contributions and grants	\$	-	\$	284,521	\$	284,521
Investment income		-		-		-
Mill levy		1,219,689		1,213,406		(6,283)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Supporting services		366,779		23,651		(343,128)
State sources						
Per pupil revenue		4,434,750		4,683,335		248,585
Supporting services		74,964		274,404		199,440
Federal sources		-)				
Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools		227,775		360,914		133,139
Direct federal start-up grant				-		-
Total revenues		6,323,957		6,840,231		516,274
		0,525,557		0,010,231		510,271
Expenditures						
Instructional						
Regular education		3,699,939		3,229,873		470,066
Supporting services		, ,		, ,		,
Pupil supporting services		-		882,883		(882,883)
Instructional support		34,500		61,128		(26,628)
General administration		-		86,903		(86,903)
School administration		880,123		766,358		113,765
Business services		870,672		836,041		34,631
Operations and maintenance		551,038		569,071		(18,033)
Pupil transportation		800		311		489
Central services		182,250		173,619		8,631
Property		102,230		175,019		8,051
Other support services		_		64,228		(64,228)
Total expenditures		6,219,322		6,670,415		(451,093)
Total expenditures		0,219,322		0,070,415		(431,093)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures		104,635		169,816		65,181
- · · · () - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				,,		,
Other financing sources (uses)						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)						
Total other manening sources (ases)						
Net change in fund balances		104,635		169,816		65,181
6		-)				
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,940,477		1,940,477		-
		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		, - <u>,</u> -, -,		
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,045,112	\$	2,110,293	\$	65,181

DSST Public Schools

Budgetary Comparison Schedule – Aurora Science and Tech High School Year Ended June 30, 2023

Revenues 5 5 113,680 5 113,610 2,742,025 113,651 113,690 1,513,510 1,513,510 1,513,510 2,713,533 1,513,510 2,944,715 (20,28 2,713,533 2,713,533 2,554 2,328,025 (328,025 (328,025 (328,025 (328,025 (328,025 <th></th> <th>Final Budget</th> <th>Actual</th> <th colspan="2">Variance Positive (Negative)</th>		Final Budget	Actual	Variance Positive (Negative)		
Contributions and grants \$ \$ 113,680 \$ \$ 113,680 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,610 \$ \$ 113,510 \$ \$ 111,510,513	Revenues					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Investment income - - Mill levy 433,667 430,942 (2,72 Miscellaneous - - - - Supporting services 332,086 2,774,106 2,442,02 State sources - - - - Per pupil revenue 1,576,800 1,663,317 86,51 Supporting services 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal sources - - - Federal sources - - - - Total revenues 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures - - - - Instructional 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584	Local sources					
Investment income - - Mill levy 433,667 430,942 (2,72 Miscellaneous - - - - Supporting services 332,086 2,774,106 2,442,02 State sources - - - - Per pupil revenue 1,576,800 1,663,317 86,51 Supporting services 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal sources - - - Federal sources - - - - Total revenues 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures - - - - Instructional 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584	Contributions and grants	\$ -	\$	113,680	\$	113,680
Miscellaneous - - - <		-		-		-
Miscellaneous - - Supporting services 332,086 2,774,106 2,442,02 State sources - - - - Per pupil revenue 1,576,800 1,663,317 86,51 Supporting services 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal sources - - - Federal sources 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal sources 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal sources 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures - - - Instructional 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Pupil supporting services - - - Supporting services - - - Pupil supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - -	Mill levy	433,667		430,942		(2,725)
State sources Per pupil revenue 1,576,800 1,663,317 86,51 Supporting services 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools 315,000 294,715 (20,28 Direct federal start-up grant - - - Total revenues 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures Instructional Regular education 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 <	Miscellaneous	-		-		-
State sources Per pupil revenue 1,576,800 1,663,317 86,51 Supporting services 24,594 118,918 94,32 Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools 315,000 294,715 (20,28 Direct federal start-up grant - - - Total revenues 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures Instructional Regular education 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 <	Supporting services	332,086		2,774,106		2,442,020
Supporting services $24,594$ $118,918$ $94,32$ Federal sourcesFederal grants from Aurora Public Schools $315,000$ $294,715$ $(20,28)$ Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues $2,682,147$ $5,395,678$ $2,713,53$ ExpendituresInstructional1,513,360 $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Supporting services- $328,025$ $(328,02)$ Instructional support11,000141,903 $(130,90)$ General administrationSchool administration410,784 $375,330$ $35,45$ Business services $356,584$ $313,143$ $43,44$ Operations and maintenance $299,040$ $2,482,224$ $(2,183,18)$ Pupil transportation- 236 (23) Central services $182,250$ $61,788$ $120,46$ Property- $147,701$ $(147,701)$ Other support services $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$		-				
Supporting services $24,594$ $118,918$ $94,32$ Federal sourcesFederal grants from Aurora Public Schools $315,000$ $294,715$ $(20,28)$ Direct federal start-up grantTotal revenues $2,682,147$ $5,395,678$ $2,713,53$ ExpendituresInstructional1,513,360 $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Supporting services- $328,025$ $(328,02)$ Instructional support11,000141,903 $(130,90)$ General administrationSchool administration410,784 $375,330$ $35,45$ Business services $356,584$ $313,143$ $43,44$ Operations and maintenance $299,040$ $2,482,224$ $(2,183,18)$ Pupil transportation- 236 (23) Central services $182,250$ $61,788$ $120,46$ Property- $147,701$ $(147,701)$ Other support services $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$	Per pupil revenue	1,576,800		1,663,317		86,517
Federal sources Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools 315,000 294,715 (20,28 Direct federal start-up grant - - - - Total revenues 2,682,147 5,395,678 2,713,53 Expenditures Instructional 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02) Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90) General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,701 (147,701 Other support services 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10) Excess (deficiency) of revenues 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10)						94,324
Direct federal start-up grant Total revenues- $Iotal revenues$ $2,682,147$ $5,395,678$ $2,713,53$ Expenditures Instructional Regular education $1,513,360$ $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Supporting services $1,513,360$ $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Pupil supporting services $ 328,025$ $(328,02)$ Instructional support $11,000$ $141,903$ $(130,90)$ General administration $ -$ School administration $410,784$ $375,330$ $35,45$ Business services $356,584$ $313,143$ $43,44$ Operations and maintenance $299,040$ $2,482,224$ $(2,183,18)$ Pupil transportation $ 236$ (23) Central services $182,250$ $61,788$ $120,46$ Property $ 147,701$ $(147,70)$ Other support services $ 22,995$ $(22,99)$ Total expenditures $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$,		,		,
Direct federal start-up grant Total revenues- $Iotal revenues$ $2,682,147$ $5,395,678$ $2,713,53$ Expenditures Instructional Regular education $1,513,360$ $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Supporting services $1,513,360$ $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Pupil supporting services $ 328,025$ $(328,02)$ Instructional support $11,000$ $141,903$ $(130,90)$ General administration $ -$ School administration $410,784$ $375,330$ $35,45$ Business services $356,584$ $313,143$ $43,44$ Operations and maintenance $299,040$ $2,482,224$ $(2,183,18)$ Pupil transportation $ 236$ (23) Central services $182,250$ $61,788$ $120,46$ Property $ 147,701$ $(147,70)$ Other support services $ 22,995$ $(22,99)$ Total expenditures $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$	Federal grants from Aurora Public Schools	315,000		294,715		(20,285)
Total revenues $2,682,147$ $5,395,678$ $2,713,53$ Expenditures Instructional Regular education $1,513,360$ $1,340,780$ $172,58$ Supporting services- $328,025$ $(328,02)$ Instructional support $11,000$ $141,903$ $(130,90)$ General administrationSchool administration410,784 $375,330$ $35,45$ Business services $356,584$ $313,143$ $43,44$ Operations and maintenance $299,040$ $2,482,224$ $(2,183,18)$ Pupil transportation- 236 (23) Central services $182,250$ $61,788$ $120,46$ Property- $147,701$ $(147,70)$ Other support services- $22,995$ $(22,99)$ Total expenditures $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$ Excess (deficiency) of revenues $2,773,018$ $5,214,125$ $(2,441,10)$	-			-		-
Instructional Regular education 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10		 2,682,147		5,395,678		2,713,531
Regular education 1,513,360 1,340,780 172,58 Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02) Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90) General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99) Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10) Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10)	-					
Supporting services - 328,025 (328,02) Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90) General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99) Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10) Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - 22,995 (2,441,10)		1 512 260		1 240 780		172 590
Pupil supporting services - 328,025 (328,02 Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10	•	1,313,300		1,540,780		172,380
Instructional support 11,000 141,903 (130,90 General administration - - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -				229.025		(229,025)
General administration - - School administration 410,784 375,330 35,455 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10		-				
School administration 410,784 375,330 35,45 Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -		11,000		141,903		(130,903)
Business services 356,584 313,143 43,44 Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -		-		-		-
Operations and maintenance 299,040 2,482,224 (2,183,18 Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -						
Pupil transportation - 236 (23 Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10) Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -						
Central services 182,250 61,788 120,46 Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10 Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -		299,040				
Property - 147,701 (147,70 Other support services - 22,995 (22,99 Total expenditures 2,773,018 5,214,125 (2,441,10) Excess (deficiency) of revenues - - - -		-				(236)
Other support services-22,995(22,99)Total expenditures2,773,0185,214,125(2,441,10)Excess (deficiency) of revenues		182,250				120,462
Total expenditures2,773,0185,214,125(2,441,10)Excess (deficiency) of revenues		-				(147,701)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues	Other support services	 				(22,995)
	Total expenditures	 2,773,018		5,214,125		(2,441,107)
	Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
(90,871) 181,555 212,42	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	(00.871)		181 553		272 121
	over (under) expenditures	 (90,871)		101,555		272,424
Other financing sources (uses)	Other financing sources (uses)					
Transfers in	Transfers in	-		-		-
Transfers out	Transfers out	-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)	Total other financing sources (uses)	-		-		_
Net change in fund balances (90,871) 181,553 272,42	Net change in fund balances	(90.871)		181.553		272,424
		(20,071)				_, _, ,
Fund balances, beginning of year58,83258,832	Fund balances, beginning of year	 58,832		58,832		
Fund balances, end of year \$ (32,039) \$ 240,385 \$ 272,42	Fund balances, end of year	\$ (32,039)	\$	240,385	\$	272,424

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools Denver, Colorado

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, and the general fund of DSST Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise DSST Public Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated _______. We have also audited the financial statements of the governmental activities and the general funds of DSST-Denver (a component unit of School District Number 1 in the City and County of Denver, Colorado [Denver Public Schools or DPS]) and DSST-Aurora (a component unit of Joint School District Number 28-J of the Counties of Adams and Arapahoe, Colorado [Aurora Public Schools or APS]) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, as displayed in DSST Public Schools' audited supplementary information as listed in the table of contents, and have issued our report thereon dated ________.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the DSST Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the DSST Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the DSST Public Schools' internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Directors DSST Public Schools

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the DSST Public Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Denver, Colorado